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| PHÒNG GD&ĐT VIỆT TRÌ**TRƯỜNG THCS NÔNG TRANG****ĐỀ THAM KHẢO** | **KỲ THI TUYỂN SINH VÀO LỚP 10 THPT****NĂM HỌC 2024 - 2025****Môn: TIẾNG ANH**Thời gian: 90 phút (*không kể thời gian giao đề*)*(Đề tham khảo có 03 trang)* |

***Câu I. Chọn một phương án A*, *B*, *C hoặc D ứng với từ có phần gạch chân được phát âm khác với các từ còn lại.*** *(0,8 điểm)*

**1**. **A.** chop **B.** Christmas **C.** French **D.** check

**2.** **A.** date **B.** take **C.** band **D.** place

**3**. **A.** cucumbers **B.** prawns **C.** salads **D.** ingredients

**4**. **A.** touched **B.** attended **C.** shaped **D.** passed

***Câu II. Chọn một phương án A, B, C hoặc D ứng với từ hoặc cụm từ thích hợp để hoàn thành các câu sau.*** *(3,2 điểm)*

**1.** Tom has never done their homework, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

 **A.** hasn’t he **B.** hasn’t Tom **C.** do they **D.** has he

**2.** The children talked about the films and the directors \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_interested them.

 **A.** who         **B.** which            **C.** that              **D.** whom

**3.** Traveling by air is not cheap and it isn’t interesting, \_\_\_\_\_\_.

 **A.** either **B.** neither  **C.** too **D.** so

**4.** I was having a rest when the volcano\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

 **A.** exhibited  **B.** exhausted **C.** happened **D.** erupted

**5.** Must we do this exercise tomorrow? - No, we\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

 **A.** can’t **B.** don’t **C.** needn’t **D.** mustn’t

**6.** We should stop smoking \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ it is extremely harmful to our health.

 **A.** despite **B.** although **C.** because of **D.** because

**7.** I don’t think our daughter is \_\_\_\_\_\_ to understand this matter.

 **A.** such young **B.** so young  **C.** old enough  **D.** enough old

**8.** Of the three boys, Steve swims\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

 **A.** more quickly **B.** the most quickly **C.** more quicker **D.** the quickest

**9.** Sarah is wearing a blouse. It \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of cotton.

 **A.** be made                   **B.** is made   **C.** are made                       **D.** made

**10.** They cook a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ meal for their children.

 **A.** delicious big Vietnamese **B.** Vietnamese delicious big

 **C.** big delicious Vietnamese **D.** delicious Vietnamese big

**11.** Make sure you\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ us a visit when you are in my town again.

 **A.** give **B.** do **C.** pay **D.** have

**12.** If you want to be healthy, you should \_\_\_\_\_\_ your bad habits in your lifestyles.

 **A.** give up **B.** look for **C**. get over **D**. break down

***Chọn một phương án A, B, C hoặc D ứng với từ gần nghĩa với từ được gạch chân.***

**13.** I am **concerned** about my children because they are not very hardworking.

 **A.** angry **B.** worried **C.** happy  **D.** sad

**14.** With great effort, she **passed** the driving test at the first attempt

 **A.** succeeded in **B.** failed **C.** enrolled **D.** deferred

***Chọn một phương án A, B, C hoặc D ứng với câu đáp lại phù hợp trong các tình huống giao tiếp sau.***

**15.** *David is talking to Mary about his grandmother’s health.*

**- David**: “It’s terrible. I don’t think my grandmother will get better.”

**- Mary**: “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”

 **A.** Don’t worry. Everything will be all right **B.** Let’s try it.

 **C.** Ok. What’s that? **D.** Why not pass it?

**16.** *Lam and Mi are attending their friend’s wedding party.*

**- Lam:** “What a nice dress you are wearing today, Nga!”

- **Mi:** “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”

 **A.** Don’t mention it. **B.** I’m sorry to hear that.

 **C.** Thanks, it’s nice of you to say so. **D.** Have a go, please.

***Câu III. Tìm một lỗi sai trong bốn phần gạch chân A, B, C hoặc D trong các câu sau đây.*** *(0,8 điểm)*

**1.** Bicycle is among the most efficient machines invented by man.

 **A.** Bicycle **B.** is **C.** the most **D.** invented

**2**. The furniture should move to higher places because of the flood.

 **A.** The furniture **B.** should move **C.** higher **D.** because of

**3.** He refreshed his daily life by going on a ten-days trip from the North to the South of Vietnam.

 **A.** daily life **B.** on **C.** ten-days **D.** to

**4.** It always takes parents a lot of time and patience to bring up her children

 **A.** takes **B.** a lot of **C.** patience **D.** her

***Câu IV. Viết dạng đúng của các động từ trong ngoặc để hoàn thành các câu sau.*** *(0,8 điểm)*

**1.** When I saw the snake, I (**cut**)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the wild trees in my garden.

**2.** She (**travel)** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_to six countries since she started the job?

**3.** You should learn how **(keep)** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the environment clean.

**4.** The childen are used to (**practice**)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_English regularly.

***Câu V. Viết dạng đúng của từ trong ngoặc để hoàn thành các câu sau.*** *(0,8 điểm)*

**1.** He was one of the greatest \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_in our country. (**ART)**

**2.** Stay healthy by eating well and exercising . (**REGULAR**)

**3.** This river is very \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for swimmers. (**DANGER**)

**4.**Lan was upset because her parent \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ her. **(UNDERSTAND)**

***Câu VI. Chọn một phương án A, B, C hoặc D ứng với từ thích hợp để điền vào chỗ trống trong đoạn văn sau.*** *(0,8 điểm)*

 Social media can be defined as web-based and mobile media that are used for people to interact, connect and communicate with each other. Social media are different from traditional media. In the past, media was created from one place, normally a company. Then the company would (1) \_\_\_\_\_\_ the media to consumers. Magazines, books and movies are all examples of this. But with social media, many individual people in different locations create content. Another (2) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_is that people (3)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ produce content in social media don’t need very special skills. On the other hand, in traditional media, people need special skills to produce something. Another difference is that social media can be produced much faster. It takes only a few minutes to write a twitter post, for example. But it can take many months to put together a magazine, (4)\_\_\_\_\_ years to make a movie.

**1.** **A**. send out **B**. make into **C**. bring around **D**. take in

**2.** **A**. difference **B**. different **C**. differently **D**. differences

**3.** **A**. whom **B**. which **C**. who **D**. whose

**4.** **A**. but **B**. and **C**. so **D**. or

***Câu VII. Đọc đoạn văn sau và chọn phương án A, B, C hoặc D ứng với câu trả lời đúng cho các câu hỏi.*** *(0,8 điểm)*

 Tourism will always have an impact on the places visited. Sometimes the impact is good, but often **it** is negative. For example, if lots of people visit one place, then this can damage the environment. The question is - how can we minimize the problems without preventing people from travelling and visiting places? The main aim of ecotourism is to reduce the negative impact that tourism has on the environment and local people. The idea is to encourage tourists to think about what they do when they visit a place.

 It's great to talk about protecting the environment, but how do you actually do this? There are a number of key points. Tourists shouldn't drop litter, they should stay on the paths, they shouldn't interfere with wildlife and they should respect local customs and traditions.

 Some people see ecotourism as a contradiction. They say that any tourism needs infrastructure - roads, airports and hotels. The more tourists that visit a place, the more of these are needed and, by building more of these, you can't **avoid** damaging the environment.

**1.** What is the main idea of the passage?

 **A**. Some Dos for ecotourists.

 **B**. Benefits and drawbacks of ecotoursim.

 **C**.A brief introduction about ecotourism.

 **D**. Some Don'ts for ecotourists.

**2.** The word "**it**" in paragraph 1 refers to \_\_\_\_\_\_.

 **A**. tourism **B**. environment **C**. damage **D**. impact

**3.** According to paragraph 2, which of the following is **NOT** mentioned as an activity to protect the environment?

 **A**. Respecting local customs and traditions. **B**. Hunting wildlife.

 **C**. Not interfering with wildlife. **D**. Not littering.

**4.** The word "**avoid**" in paragraph 3 is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_\_.

 **A**. present **B**. prevent **C**. protest **D**. pretend

 ***Câu VIII*.** ***Đọc đoạn văn sau và trả lời các câu hỏi.*** *(0,8 điểm)*

 Every year, millions of tourists visit California**.** California is known for its beautiful scenery, warm climate and excellent food**.** There are twenty national parks in California**.** They are visited by over thirty million people every year. Many world-famous museums are located there too.

The state is divided into two parts, called Northern California and Southern California**.** San Francisco is located in Northern California**.** It is surrounded by water on three sides and is a city with beautiful bay and several bridges. Its streets are always filled with tourists. There is an area in south of San Francisco that is famous for its computer industries; it is called Silicon Valley.

 Los Angeles, Hollywood and Disneyland are found in Southern California**.** Southern California is known for its desert areas, which are sometimes next to snowcapped mountains. Southern California is one of the few places in the world where you can ski in the morning and surf in the afternoon.

**1.** Does California have warm or cold climate?

……………………………………………………………………………………………………

**2.** How many national parks are there in California?

………………………………………………………………………………………………....…

**3.** Is Silicon Valley famous for its computer industries?

……………………………………………………………………………………………….…..

**4.** Where can you find Disneyland?

………………………………………………………………………………………………..….

 ***Câu IX*. *Hoàn thành câu thứ hai sao cho nghĩa không thay đổi so với câu đã cho.*** *(1*,*2 điểm)*

**1.** Many students often use bicycles as a means of transport every day.

→ ***Bicycles***…………………………………………………………………………………….…

**2.** “Do your grandparents still live in Nha Trang now?” said Nam to me.

→ ***Nam asked*** …………………………………………………………………………….……..

**3.** I can’t look the word up because I don’t have a dictionary.

→ ***If I*** …………………………………………………………………………………….……...

**4.** The last time Lucy wore that dress was at Barbara’s wedding.

**→ *Lucy has not*** …………………………………………………………………………….……

**5.** Daisy is better at playing the piano than Betty.

→ ***Betty played*** ……………………………………………………………………….................

**6.** Because of her good performance, she was admired by the big fans.

→***Because she*** …………………………………………………………………….……….……

-------**HẾT**------

 **KEYS**

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| PHÒNG GD&ĐT VIỆT TRÌ**TRƯỜNG THCS NÔNG TRANG****ĐỀ THAM KHẢO** | **KỲ THI TUYỂN SINH VÀO LỚP 10 THPT****NĂM HỌC 2024 - 2025****Môn: TIẾNG ANH** |

***Câu I. Chọn một phương án A*, *B*, *C hoặc D ứng với từ có phần gạch chân được phát âm khác với các từ còn lại.*** *(0,8 điểm)*

**1.** **A**. chop **B. christmas** **C**. French **D**. check

**2.** **A**. date **B**. take **C**. **band** **D**. place

**3.** **A**. cucumbers **B**. prawns **C**. salads **D**. **ingredients**

**4.** **A**. touched **B. attended**  **C**. shaped **D**. passed

***Câu II. Chọn một phương án A, B, C hoặc D ứng với từ hoặc cụm từ thích hợp để hoàn thành các câu sau.*** *(3,2 điểm)*

**1.** Tom has never done their homework, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

**A.** hasn’t he **B.** hasn’t Tom **C.** do they **D. has he**

**2.** The children talked about the films and the directors \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_interested them.

 **A.** who         **B.** which            **C.** **that**             **D.** whom

**3.** Traveling by air is not cheap and it isn’t interesting, \_\_\_\_\_\_.

 **A. either**   **B.** neither  **C.** too **D.** so

**4.** I was having a rest when the volcano\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

 **A.** exhibited  **B.** exhausted **C.** happened **D. erupted**

**5.** Must we do this exercise tomorrow? - No, we\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

 **A.** can’t **B.** don’t **C. needn’t** **D.** mustn’t

**6.** We should stop smoking \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ it is extremely harmful to our health.

**A.** despite **B.** although **C.** because of **D. because**

**7.** I don’t think our daughter is \_\_\_\_\_\_ to understand this matter.

 **A.** such young **B.** so young  **C. old enough**  **D.** enough old

**8.** Of the three boys, Steve swims\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

 **A.** more quickly **B. the most quickly C.** more quicker  **D.** the quickest

**9.** Sarah is wearing a blouse. It \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of cotton.

 **A.** be made                   **B.** **is made**   **C.** are made                       **D.** made

**10.** They cook a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ meal for their children.

 **A. delicious big Vietnamese B.** Vietnamese delicious big

 **C.** big delicious Vietnamese **D.** delicious Vietnamese big

**11.** Make sure you\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ us a visit when you are in my town again.

 **A.** give **B.** do **C. pay** **D.** have

**12**. If you want to be healthy, you should \_\_\_\_\_\_ your bad habits in your lifestyles.

 **A. give up**  **B.** look for **C**. get over **D**. break down

***Chọn một phương án A, B, C hoặc D ứng với từ gần nghĩa với từ được gạch chân.***

**13.** I am **concerned** about my children because they are not very hardworking.

 **A**.angry **B**. **worried C.** happy  **D.** sad

**14.** With great effort, she **passed** the driving test at the first attempt

 **A. succeeded in B.** failed **C.** enrolled **D.** deferred

***Chọn một phương án A, B, C hoặc D ứng với câu đáp lại phù hợp trong các tình huống giao tiếp sau.***

**15.** *David is talking to Mary about his grandmother’s health.*

**- David**: “It’s terrible. I don’t think my grandmother will get better.”

**- Mary**: “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”

 **A. Don’t worry. Everything will be all right** **B.** Let’s try it.

 **C.** Ok. What’s that? **D.** Why not pass it?

**16.** *Lam and Mi are attending their friend’s wedding party*.

**- Lam:** “What a nice dress you are wearing today, Mi!”

- **Mi:** “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”

**A**.Don’t mention it. **B.** I’m sorry to hear that.

**C. Thanks, it’s nice of you to say so.** **D.** Have a go, please.

***Câu III. Tìm một lỗi sai trong bốn phần gạch chân A, B, C hoặc D trong các câu sau đây.*** *(0,8 điểm)*

**1.** Bicycle is among the most efficient machines invented by man.

 **A. Bicycle** **B.** is **C.** the most **D.** invented

**2.** The furniture should move to higher places because of the flood.

 **A.** The furniture **B. should move** **C.** higher **D.** because of

**3.** He refreshed his daily life by going on a ten-days trip from the North to the South of Vietnam.

 **A.** daily life **B.** on **C. ten-days** **D.** to

**4**. It always takes parents a lot of time and patience to bring up her children

 **A.** takes **B.** a lot of **C.** patience **D. her**

***Câu IV. Viết dạng đúng của các động từ trong ngoặc để hoàn thành các câu sau.*** *(0,8 điểm)*

**1.** When I saw the snake, I (**cut**) \_\_\_\_\_\_the wild trees in my garden. **was cutting**

**2.** She (**travel)** \_\_\_\_\_\_to six countries since she started the job? **Has she travelled**

**3.** You should learn how **(keep)** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the environment clean. **to keep**

**4.** The childen are used to (**practice**)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_English regularly. **practicing**

***Câu V. Viết dạng đúng của từ trong ngoặc để hoàn thành các câu sau.*** *(0,8 điểm)*

**1.** He was one of the greatest \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_in our country. (**ART)** **artists**

**2.** Stay healthy by eating well and exercising (**REGULAR**) **regularly**

**3.** This river is very \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for swimmers. (**DANGER**) **dangerous**

**4.**Lan was upset because her parent \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ her. **(UNDERSTAND) misunderstood**

***Câu VI. Chọn một phương án A, B, C hoặc D ứng với từ thích hợp để điền vào chỗ trống trong đoạn văn sau.*** *(0,8 điểm)*

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**1.** **A**. **send out** **B**. make into **C**. bring around **D**. take in

**2.** **A**. **difference** **B**. different **C**. differently **D**. differ

**3.** **A**. whom **B**. which **C**. **who** **D**. whose

**4.** **A**. but **B**. **and** **C**. so **D**. or

***Câu VII. Đọc đoạn văn sau và chọn phương án A, B, C hoặc D ứng với câu trả lời đúng cho các câu hỏi.*** *(0,8 điểm)*

. Tourism will always have an impact on the places visited. Sometimes the impact is good, but often **it** is negative. For example, if lots of people visit one place, then this can damage the environment. The question is - how can we minimize the problems without preventing people from travelling and visiting places? The main aim of ecotourism is to reduce the negative impact that tourism has on the environment and local people. The idea is to encourage tourists to think about what they do when they visit a place.

 It's great to talk about protecting the environment, but how do you actually do this? There are a number of key points. Tourists shouldn't drop litter, they should stay on the paths, they shouldn't interfere with wildlife and they should respect local customs and traditions.

 Some people see ecotourism as a contradiction. They say that any tourism needs infrastructure - roads, airports and hotels. The more tourists that visit a place, the more of these are needed and, by building more of these, you can't **avoid** damaging the environment.

**1.** What is the main idea of the passage?

 **A.** Some Dos for ecotourists.

 **B.** Benefits and drawbacks of ecotoursim.

 **C. A brief introduction about ecotourism**.

 **D.** Some Don'ts for ecotourists.

**2.** The word "**it**" in paragraph 1 refers to \_\_\_\_\_\_.

 **A.** tourism **B.** environment **C.** damage **D. impact**

**3.** According to paragraph 2, which of the following is **NOT** mentioned as an activity to protect the environment?

 **A.** Respecting local customs and traditions. **B. Hunting wildlife**.

 **C.** Not interfering with wildlife. **D.** Not littering.

**4.** The word "**avoid**" in paragraph 3 is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_\_.

 **A.** present **B. prevent** **C.** protest **D.** pretend

***Câu VIII*.** ***Đọc đoạn văn sau và trả lời các câu hỏi.*** *(0,8 điểm)*

Every year, millions of tourists visit California**.** California is known for its beautiful scenery, warm climate and excellent food**.** There are twenty national parks in California**.** They are visited by over thirty million people every year. Many world-famous museums are located there too.

The state is divided into two parts, called Northern California and Southern California**.** San Francisco is located in Northern California**.** It is surrounded by water on three sides and is a city with beautiful bay and several bridges. Its streets are always filled with tourists. There is an area in south of San Francisco that is famous for its computer industries; it is called Silicon Valley.

Los Angeles, Hollywood and Disneyland are found in Southern California**.** Southern California is known for its desert areas, which are sometimes next to snowcapped mountains. Southern California is one of the few places in the world where you can ski in the morning and surf in the afternoon.

**1.** Does California have warm or cold climate?

**Cold/ It has cold climate.**

**2.** How many national parks are there in California?

**There are twenty national parks in California./ There are twenty./ Twenty.**

**3.** Is Silicon Valley famous for its computer industries?

**Yes./ Yes, it is.**

**4.** Where can you find Disneyland?

**(We can find it) in Southern California.**

 ***Câu IX*. *Hoàn thành câu thứ hai sao cho nghĩa không thay đổi so với câu đã cho.*** *(1*,*2 điểm)*

**1.** Many students often use bicycles as a means of transport every day.

→ ***Bicycles*****are often used as a means of transport by many students every day**

**2.** “Do your grandparents still live in Nha Trang now?” said Nam to me.

=> ***Nam asked*** **me if/ whether my grandparents still lived in Nha Trang then**.

**3.** I can’t look the word up because I don’t have a dictionary.

🡪***If I* had a dictionary, I could look the word up**.

**4.** The last time Lucy wore that dress was at Barbara’s wedding.

**→ *Lucy has not* worn that dress since Barbara’s wedding**

**5.** Daisy is better at playing the piano than Betty.

🡪 ***Betty played*** **the piano worse than Daisy**.

**6.** Because of her good performance, she was admired by the big fans.

→***Because she* performed well, she was admired by the big fans.**

-------**HẾT**------

**KEYS**

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| PHÒNG GD&ĐT VIỆT TRÌ**TRƯỜNG THCS NÔNG TRANG****ĐỀ THAM KHẢO** | **KỲ THI TUYỂN SINH VÀO LỚP 10 THPT****NĂM HỌC 2024 - 2025****Môn: TIẾNG ANH** |

***Câu I. Chọn một phương án A*, *B*, *C hoặc D ứng với từ có phần gạch chân được phát âm khác với các từ còn lại.*** *(0,8 điểm)*

**1.** B **2.** C **3.** D **4.** B

***Câu II. Chọn một phương án A, B, C hoặc D ứng với từ hoặc cụm từ thích hợp để hoàn thành các câu sau.*** *(3,2 điểm)*

**1.** D **2.** C **3.** A **4.** D  **5.** C **6.** D **7.** C **8.** B

**9.** B  **10.** A **11.** C **12.** A **13.** B  **14.** A **15.** A **16.** C

***Câu III. Tìm một lỗi sai trong bốn phần gạch chân A, B, C hoặc D trong các câu sau đây.*** *(0,8 điểm)*

**1**. A **2**. B **3.** C **4.** D

***Câu IV. Viết dạng đúng của các động từ trong ngoặc để hoàn thành các câu sau.*** *(0,8 điểm)*

**1.** was cutting **2.** Has she travelled

**3.** to keep **4.** practicing

***Câu V. Viết dạng đúng của từ trong ngoặc để hoàn thành các câu sau.*** *(0,8 điểm)*

**1.** artists  **2.** regularly

**3.** dangerous**4.**misunderstood

***Câu VI. Chọn một phương án A, B, C hoặc D ứng với từ thích hợp để điền vào chỗ trống trong đoạn văn sau.*** *(0,8 điểm)*

**1.** A **2.** A **3.** C **4.** B

***Câu VII. Đọc đoạn văn sau và chọn phương án A, B, C hoặc D ứng với câu trả lời đúng cho các câu hỏi.*** *(0,8 điểm)*

**1.** C **2.**D **3.** B **4.** B

***Câu VIII*.** ***Đọc đoạn văn sau và trả lời các câu hỏi.*** *(0,8 điểm)*

**1.** Cold / It has cold climate.

**2.** There are twenty national parks in California. / There are twenty. / Twenty.

**3.** Yes. / Yes, it is.

**4.** (We can find it) in Southern California.

***Câu IX*. *Hoàn thành câu thứ hai sao cho nghĩa không thay đổi so với câu đã cho.*** *(1*,*2 điểm)*

**1.** ***Bicycles***are often used as a means of transport by many students every day.

**2.** ***Nam asked*** me if/ whether my grandparents still lived in Nha Trang then.

**3. *If I*** had a dictionary, I could look the word up.

**4.** ***Lucy has not*** worn that dress since Barbara’s wedding.

**5.** ***Betty played*** the piano worse than Daisy.

**6. *Because she*** performed well, she was admired by the big fans.

-------**HẾT**------