SỞ GD&ĐT QUẢNG TRỊ **KỲ THI THỬ TỐT NGHIỆP THPT LẦN I NĂM 2022**

**TRƯỜNG THPT THỊ XÃ QUẢNG TRỊ** **Bài thi:** **NGOẠI NGỮ Môn:** **TIẾNG ANH**

*(Đề thi có 06 trang)* *Thời gian làm bài:60.phút, không kể thời gian giao đề*

**Mã đề: 027**

*Họ, tên thí sinh:……………………………………..Số báo danh:……………….*

***Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.***

**Question 1:** Taking an entry level job at the company is a good way to get your \_\_\_\_\_\_ in the door.

**A.** hand **B.** foot **C.** head **D.** shoulder

**Question 2:** Next week when there \_\_\_\_\_\_ a full moon, the ocean tides will be higher.

**A.** will be **B.** will have been **C.** is being **D.** is

**Question 3:** Face masks help limit the spread of germs, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

**A.** can’t they **B.** don’t they **C.** can they **D.** do they

**Question 4:** \_\_\_\_\_\_ irritating they are, we shouldn't lose temper with small children.

**A.** No matter how much **B.** No matter what

**C.** However **D.** Although

**Question 5:** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ last week, his first solo album has been receiving very good reviews.

**A.** Having released **B.** Releasing **C.** Released **D.** To release

**Question 6:** People living abroad are not \_\_\_\_\_\_to enter for this competition.

**A.** enabled **B.** permissible

**C.** capable **D.** eligible

**Question 7:** “Don’t start the next page \_\_\_\_\_\_ you have finished the last test question.”

**A.** before **B.** until **C.** while **D.** since

**Question 8:** I don't like networking events - spending hours trying to \_\_\_\_\_\_ small talk with strangers just isn't my cup of tea.

**A.** make **B.** take **C.** have **D.** do

**Question 9:** The higher the temperature of a molecule, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**A.** more energy has it **B.** than it has more energy

**C.** the more energy it has **D.** it has more energy

***Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.***

**Question 10:** Sometimes, in order to get things done, you have to **take the initiative**.

**A.** make the last decision **B.** make important changes

**C.** raise the first idea **D.** sacrifice for others

**Question 11:** The **emblem** of the Association of Southeast Asian Nations was designed basing on rice - the most important crop for the Southeast Asian people.

**A.** banner **B.** logo **C.** motto **D.** slogan

***Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.***

**Question 12:** Although the company suffered a serious downturn in sales, the director remained **optimistic.**

**A.** expecting bad things to happen **B.** unchanged in his view

**C.** hoping to be successful **D.** in bad condition

**Question 13:** A few days ago, that newspaper ran an editorial which **complimented** those who took the issue with global warming seriously.

**A.** offered help **B.** talked about **C.** spoke ill of **D.** thought highly of

***Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the sentence that best completes each of the following exchanges.***

**Question 14:** - A: “Well, Brad Pitt and Angelina Jolie have just decided to divorce! Don't you know?”  
- B: “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.”

**A.** I couldn't agree more. **B.** Oh, thanks!

**C.** Really? Are you kidding? **D.** No, not right now.

**Question 15:** - Lam: “Excuse me. Is this seat free?”  
 - Lan: “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.”

**A.** No, you can’t sit here. **B.** Sorry, it is taken.

**C.** Yes, it is taken by a boy.  **D.** Yes, but I don’t know.

***Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.***

**Question 16: A.** abundant **B.** apply **C. application** **D.** achieve

**Question 17: A.** impresses **B.** mentions **C.** finishes **D.** influences

***Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.***

**Question 18: A.** infect **B.** malaria **C.** disease **D.** virus

**Question 19: A.** physical **B.** biology **C.** distinguished **D.** effective

***Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.***

**Question 20:** The Jones are always \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ about how clever their children are.

**A.** praising **B.** boasting **C.** complimenting **D.** congratulating

**Question 21:** A \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ antique vase will be sold at a charity auction next week.

**A.** ceramic Chinese blue **B.** blue ceramic Chinese

**C.** blue Chinese ceramic **D.** Chinese blue ceramic

**Question 22:** People often use the natural world as inspiration to design and invent new \_\_\_\_\_\_.

**A.** producers **B.** productivities **C.** productions **D.** products

**Question 23:** In the past, children couldn’t choose their own partners even if their parents objected \_\_\_\_\_\_ their choice.

**A.** to **B.** for **C.** against **D.** with

**Question 24:** Several passengers received minor injuries when the train unexpectedly came to a \_\_\_\_\_\_.

**A.** delay **B.** brake **C.** halt **D.** cease

**Question 25:** If any student wants to take part in volunteer organizations such as Green Summer Camp, Green Saturday Movement, Blood Donation, he/she will have to \_\_\_\_\_\_ an application form.

**A.** fill in **B.** find out **C.** log on **D.** send off

***Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each the numbered blanks.***

TRAFFIC LIGHTS

The first traffic signal was invented by a railway signaling engineer. It was installed outside the Houses of Parliament in 1868. It **\_\_(26)\_\_** like any railway signal of the time, and was operated by gas. **\_\_(27)\_\_,** it exploded and killed a policeman, and the accident **\_\_(28)\_\_** further development until cars became common. Modern traffic lights are an American invention. Red-green systems were installed in Cleveland in 1914. Three-color signals, operated by hand from a tower in the middle of the street, were installed in New York in 1918. The first lights of this type to **\_\_(29**)\_\_ in Britain were in London, on the junction between St. James’s Street and Piccadilly, in 1925. Automatic signals were installed a year later.

In the past, traffic lights were special. In New York, some lights had a statue on top. In Los Angeles the lights did not just change silently, but would ring bells to \_\_(**30)\_\_** the sleeping motorists of the 1930s. These are gone and have been replaced by standard models which are universally adopted.

**Question 26: A.** resembled **B.** looked **C.** showed **D.** seemed  
**Question 27: A.** However **B.** Therefore **C.** Although **D.** Despite  
**Question 28: A.** forbade **B.** disappointed **C.** avoided **D.** discouraged  
**Question 29: A.** show **B.** appear **C.** happen **D.** become

**Question 30: A.** rise **B.** raise **C.** wake **D.** get

***Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions from 31 to 35.***

Have you ever entered a tropical rainforest? It’s a special, dark place completely different from anywhere else. A rainforest is a place where the trees grow very tall. Millions of kinds of animals, insects, and plants live in the rainforest. It is hot and humid in a rainforest. It rains a lot in the rainforest, but sometimes you don’t know it’s raining. The trees grow so closely together that rain doesn’t always reach the ground.

Rainforests make up only a small part of the Earth’s surface, about six percent. They are found in tropical parts of the world. The largest rainforest in the world is the Amazon in South America. The Amazon covers 1.2 billion acres, or almost five million square kilometers. The second largest rainforest is in Western Africa. There are also rainforests in Central America, Southeast Asia, Northeastern Australia, and the Pacific Islands.

Rainforests provide us with many things. In fact, the Amazon Rainforest is called the “lungs of our planet” because it produces twenty percent of the world’s oxygen. One fifth of the world’s fresh water is also found in the Amazon Rainforest. Furthermore, one half of the world’s species of animals, plants, and insects live in the Earth’s rainforests. Eighty percent of the food we eat first grew in the rainforest. For example, pineapples, bananas, tomatoes, corn, potatoes, chocolate, coffee, and sugar all came from rainforests. Twenty-five percent of the drugs we take when we are sick are made of plants ***that*** grow only in rainforests. Some of these drugs are even used to fight and cure cancer. With all the good things we get from rainforests, it’s surprising to find that we are destroying our rainforests. In fact, 1.5 acres, or 6,000 square meters, of rainforest disappear every second. The forests are being cut down to make fields for cows, to harvest the plants, and to clear land for farms. Along with losing ***countless*** valuable species, the destruction of rainforests creates many problems worldwide. Destruction of rainforests results in more pollution, less rain, and less oxygen for the world.

*(Adapted from Reading Challenge 2 by Casey Malarcher and Andrea Janzen)*

**Question 31:**  What is the author’s main idea in the passage?

|  |
| --- |
| **A.** To provide factual information about tropical rainforests for readers. |
| **B.** To prove that rainforests are indispensable in our lives. |
| **C.** To prevent people from damaging tropical rainforests. |
| **D.** To explain why people have destroyed a large area of tropical rainforests. |

**Question 32:**  The word “***that***” in paragraph 3 refer to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

|  |
| --- |
| **A.** plants |
| **B.** pineapples, bananas, tomatoes, corn, potatoes, chocolate, coffee, and sugar |
| **C.** the drugs |
| **D.** rainforests |

**Question 33:**  The following are the facts about rainforests, EXCEPT \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

|  |
| --- |
| **A.** Rainforests account for about one sixth of the Earth’s surface. |
| **B.** There’s a considerable variety of plants and animals in the rainforests. |
| **C.** The rainforest in Western Africa ranks second after the Amazon in South America in the covered area. |
| **D.** The only places to see rainforests are in tropical zones. |

**Question 34:**  Why don’t people know it’s raining in the rainforests?

|  |
| --- |
| **A.** Because the trees grow very tall there. |
| **B.** Because the branches are too dense for the rain to touch the ground. |
| **C.** Because they are the habitats of millions of flora and fauna. |
| **D.** Because it hardly rains in the rainforests. |

**Question 35:**  What can be inferred from the last passage?

|  |
| --- |
| **A.** People’s economic benefits are more important than environmental problems. |
| **B.** The consequences of deforestation were greater than what people can imagine. |
| **C.** Everyone is not aware of the significance of the rainforests. |
| **D.** The more rainforests are destroyed, the harder people’s life will become. |

***Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the answer to each of the question.***

Plastic bags are used by everybody. From a vegetable vendor to a designer store, everyone seems to use them. Even though they are one of the modern conveniences that we seem to be unable to do without, they are responsible for causing pollution, killing wildlife, and using up the precious resources of the Earth. But, most of us are blissfully unaware of the **repercussions** that are occurring and will take place in the future because of the plastic bags.

Every once in a while, the government passes out an order banning store owners from providing plastic bags to customers for carrying their purchases, with little lasting effect. Plastic bags are very popular with both retailers as well as consumers because they are cheap, strong, lightweight, functional, as well as a hygienic means of carrying food as well as other goods. About a hundred billion plastic bags are used every year in the U.S. alone. And then, when one considers the huge economies and populations of India, China, Europe, and other parts of the world, the numbers can be staggering. The problem is further exacerbated by the developed countries shipping off their plastic waste to developing countries like India.

Once they are used, most bags go into landfills. Each year, more and more bags are ending up littering the environment. Once they become litter, plastic bags find their way into our waterways, parks, beaches, and streets. And, if they are burned, they infuse the air with toxic fumes. About 100,000 animals, such as dolphins, turtles, whales, penguins are killed every year due to these bags. Many animals ingest plastic bags, mistaking them for food, and therefore, die. And worse, the ingested plastic bag remains **intact** even after the death and decomposition of the animal. Thus, it lies around in the landscape where another victim may ingest it. One of the worst environmental effects is that they are non-biodegradable. The decomposition takes about 400 years. No one will live so long to witness the decomposition of plastic! Thus, save the environment for the future generations as well as animals.

Petroleum products are diminishing and getting more expensive by the day, since we have used this nonrenewable resource increasingly. And to make plastic, about 60-100 million barrels of oil are needed every year around the world. Surely, this precious resource should not be wasted on producing plastic bags, should it? Petroleum is vital for our modern way of life. It is necessary for our energy requirements - for our factories, transportation, heating, lighting, and so on. Without viable alternative sources of energy yet on the horizon, if the supply of petroleum were to be turned off, it would lead to practically the entire world grinding to a halt. So, what can be done? A tote bag can make a good substitute for carrying groceries and the shopping. You can keep the bag with the cashier, and then put your purchases into **it** instead of the usual plastic bag. Recycling the bags you already have is another good idea. These can come into use for various purposes, like holding your garbage, instead of purchasing new ones. While governments may be working out ways to lessen the impact of plastic bags on the environment; however, each of us should shoulder some of the responsibility for this problem, which ultimately harms us. Plastics are not only non-biodegradable, but are one of the major pollutants of the sea. For a clean and green environment, try to use alternatives to plastic whenever and wherever possible. Cut down your use of plastic, and do your bit to save our planet.

(Source: https://www.nbcnews.com/)

**Question 36:**  Which of the following could be the best tittle of the passage?

**A.** Plastic pollution – Problems and solutions.

**B.** Plastic pollution – What should we do?

**C.** Plastic bags - Effects on the environment.

**D.** Plastic bags - New threat for the environment.

**Question 37:**  The word “**repercussions**” in the first paragraph is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_\_?

1. degradation **B.** consequence **C.** contamination **D.** interference

**Question 38:**  According to the second paragraph, what is NOT true about the reality of plastic bags?

**A.** Plastic bags are often used because of their convenience.

1. The governments do not prohibit the use of plastic bags at the stores.
2. The more population a country has, the more complicated the plastic pollution is.
3. Importing plastic waste from developed countries makes the problem more sophisticated.

**Question 39:**  The following are the negative effects of plastic bags on the environment, EXCEPT \_\_\_\_\_\_.

**A.** People do not live long enough to check whether plastic bags are decomposed or not.

1. It takes plastic bags a very long time to be biodegraded.
2. After being used, plastic bags, in the form of litter, make water, soil, and air polluted.
3. Marine animals may die because of eating plastic bags.

**Question 40:** The word “**intact**” in paragraph 3 is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_\_.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **A.** dangerous **B.** broken **C.** undamaged  **Question 41:** What does the word “**it**” in the last paragraph refer to? | **D.** harmful |
| **A.** a good substitute **B.** the shopping **C.** the bag  **Question 42:**  It can be inferred from paragraph 4 that \_\_\_\_\_\_.   1. petroleum products such as plastic bags cost less than ever before. 2. petroleum is indispensable in almost all activities of the modern world. 3. plastic bags are wasted on many energy demands of life. 4. oil is replaced by other alternatives in producing plastic bags. | **D.** the cashier |

***Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.***

**Question 43:**The last **(A)** question in the test **(B)** was not very complicated, but (**C)** I couldn’t answer them **(D).**

**Question 44:** ASEAN aims at **(A)** promoting economic growth **(B),** regional peace (**C)** as well as provide**(D)** opportunities for its members.

**Question 45:** In studies **(A)** conducted on **(B)** gazing behavior, it has been founded **(C)** that listeners gaze at speakers more than **(D)** speakers gaze at listeners

***Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions.***

**Question 46:** I thought she was the right person for the position, yet it turned out that she was quite useless.

**A.** I was mistaken about her suitability for the position because of her incompetent.

**B.** I was right in thinking that she was totally useless for the job.

**C.** Because I was expecting her to be competent, I was shocked to see her perform rather badly.

**D.** Contrary to my initial impression, she was totally suitable for the job.

**Question 47:** "Please send me to a warmer climate," Tom said.

**A.** Tom begged his boss to send him to a warmer climate.

**B.** Tom pleaded with his boss to send him to a warmer climate.

**C.** Tom would rather went to a warmer climate.

**D.** Tom asked his boss to go to a warmer climate.

**Question 48:** If I had known about their wedding plan earlier, I would have been able to make time to attend the reception party.

**A.** I knew their wedding would be planned earlier so I made some time to attend the reception party.

**B.** I wish I had known their wedding plan sooner so that I could arrange time to attend the reception party.

**C.** I don't know their wedding plan earlier so I can't make time to attend the reception party.

**D.** When I knew their wedding party, it was too late to attend the reception party.

***Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences in the following questions.***

**Question 49:** We don't have to do washing-up any more. We have just bought a new dishwasher.

**A.** It is not necessary for us do washing-up, even when we have bought a new dishwasher.

**B.** No longer do we have to do the washing-up because we have just bought a new dishwasher.

**C.** The new dishwasher we have just bought needs doing the washing-up.

**D.** With the help of the new dishwasher, we won't have to do the washing-up very often.

**Question 50:** I had ability of learning many foreign languages. My mother herself recognized it.

**A.** I had ability of learning many foreign languages though my mother herself recognized it.

**B.** I had ability of learning many foreign languages unless my mother herself recognized it.

**C.** It was my mother's ability of learning many foreign languages that she herself recognized.

**D.** It was my mother who recognized my ability of learning many foreign languages.

**-----THE END-----**