

ĐỀ THAM KHẢO

Câu I. Chọn một phương án A, B, C hoặc D ứng với từ có phần gạch chân được phát âm khác với các từ còn lại. (0,8 điểm)

- | | | | |
|------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|
| 1. A. <u>s</u> ouvenir | B. <u>s</u> ure | C. <u>s</u> tick | D. <u>s</u> imilar |
| 2. A. <u>c</u> omment | B. <u>c</u> onduct | C. <u>c</u> ontent | D. <u>c</u> onfuse |
| 3. A. <u>i</u> magines | B. <u>c</u> ultures | C. <u>m</u> otorbikes | D. <u>i</u> nvolves |
| 4. A. <u>p</u> assed | B. <u>r</u> aised | C. <u>p</u> leased | D. <u>c</u> losed |

Câu II. Chọn một phương án đúng A, B, C hoặc D ứng với từ hoặc cụm từ thích hợp để hoàn thành các câu sau. (3,2 điểm)

1. John and Mary have hardly done their homework, _____?
A. haven't John and Mary B. haven't they C. do they D. have they
2. Anyone _____ English Certificate is the level B can apply for the job.
A. who has an B. whose C. that has an D. which has an
3. **Peter:** "I don't think greasy foods are good for you." – **John:** " _____."
A. Neither do I B. So do I C. I do, either D. I do, too
4. Thanks to the elevated walkways, _____ can be much safer.
A. sightseers B. drivers C. pedestrians D. cyclists
5. Must we do this exercise today? - No, We _____.
A. can't B. won't C. needn't D. mustn't
6. We should stop smoking _____ it is extremely harmful to our health.
A. despite B. although C. because of D. because
7. Mr. Ba is _____ to buy a new car for his boy.
A. not rich enough B. rich not enough C. enough rich not D. enough not rich
8. Her son is said _____ from Harvard University five years ago.
A. having graduated B. to have graduated C. being graduated D. to be graduated
9. I think, people in Viet Nam live _____ than those in Afghanistan.
A. more happy B. more happily C. happier D. happilier
10. My daughter likes playing with a(n) _____ rope to get lean in the early morning.
A. old black leather skipping B. black leather old skipping
C. skipping black old leather D. leather old black skipping
11. Make sure you _____ us a visit when you are in town again.
A. give B. do C. pay D. have
12. She is so tired that she can't _____ what the teacher is saying.
A. make up B. make in C. make out D. make on

Chọn một phương án đúng A, B, C hoặc D ứng với từ/cụm từ đồng nghĩa với phần được gạch chân.

13. The old house remained **intact** over the centuries.
A. in ruins B. damaged C. broken D. untouched
14. The numbers of students in school A increased significantly in the last 5 years. **Likewise**, that in school B experienced a substantial rise.
A. Adversely B. Similarly C. Comparably D. Conversely

Chọn một phương án đúng A, B, C hoặc D ứng với câu đáp lại phù hợp trong các tình huống giao tiếp sau.

15. *David and Mary are talking about the exam.*

David: "It's terrible. I don't think I will be able to pass the exam."

Mary: " _____"

- | | |
|---|---------------------|
| A. Don't worry. Everything will be all right. | B. Let's try it. |
| C. Ok. What's that? | D. Why not pass it? |

16. *Laura and David are talking about historic events.*

Laura: "Historic events are always hard to remember. Do you think so?"

David: " _____."

- | | |
|-----------------------|---------------------------------|
| A. I think it's good. | B. I can't agree with you more. |
|-----------------------|---------------------------------|

C. I don't think it will happen. D. I am not intelligent.

Câu III. Tìm một lỗi sai trong bốn phần gạch chân A, B, C hoặc D trong các câu sau đây. (0,8 điểm)

1. The Soviet Union was the first country to send a man to the space.

A B C D

2. I am driving John to the airport tomorrow. His own car is repaired.

A B C D

3. Like many children in this club, that boy is keen of making models.

A B C D

4. She has made a study of plastic bags and her effect on the environment.

A B C D

Câu IV. Viết dạng đúng của động từ trong ngoặc để hoàn chỉnh các câu sau. (0,8 điểm)

1. We (watch) _____ TV when our friend came home last night.

2. They (not see) _____ their brothers since they left.

3. They agreed (not tell) _____ anyone about what had happened.

4. The children are used to (stay) _____ up late at weekend.

Câu V. Viết dạng đúng của từ trong ngoặc để hoàn chỉnh các câu sau. (0,8 điểm)

1. With a good _____ of the criminal from witnesses, the police were able to find him easily. (describe)

2. It's _____ for people to live on Venus because the climate there is unsuitable for human life. (possibility)

3. _____, the step mother was very cruel to her. (fortunate)

4. The teacher warned the children that if they _____ again, they would be punished. (behave)

Câu VI. Chọn một phương án đúng (A, B, C hoặc D) để điền vào chỗ trống trong đoạn văn sau. (0,8 điểm)

Is there life on Mars? Many people have wondered about this question. Some writers of science-fiction think of people from Mars as little green creatures. Others imagine "Martians" as monsters with many eyes. In studying this planet, astronomers have found that life may be possible on Mars. The first indication of this is that Mars has seasons, just like Earth. In other words, Earth's seasons, such as spring or summer, occur on Mars too. Because these seasons exist, it may be possible for (1) _____ and other higher life forms to be found on Mars.

Astronomers also think that perhaps a small amount of water vapor could be found on Mars. In 1887, an Italian astronomer, Giovanni Schiaparelli, discovered markings on Mars's surface. These markings looked like canals. This finding (2) _____ astronomers to believe that since water exists on Mars, life forms could exist as well.

However, there are others (3) _____ feel that life on Mars is not possible. This is because there is little or no trace of oxygen on the planet. In 1965, the Mariner IV capsule managed to take photographs of the planet. It discovered that the only forms of life found are vegetation like fungi and mosses. (4) _____, people remain fascinated by the idea that there could one day be life on Mars.

1. A. vegetative B. veterinary C. vegetate D. vegetation

2. A. got B. took C. led D. brought

3. A. who B. which C. whose D. where

4. A. Accordingly B. Nevertheless C. Consequently D. Thus

Câu VII. Đọc đoạn văn sau và chọn câu trả lời đúng cho các câu hỏi. (0,8 điểm)

Books which give instructions on how to do things are very popular in the United States today. Thousands of these How-to books are useful. In fact, there are about four thousand books with titles that begin with the words "How to". One book may tell you how to earn more money. Another may tell you how to save or spend it and another may explain how to give your money away.

Many How-to books give advice on careers. They tell you how to choose a career and how to succeed in it. If you fail; however, you can buy the book "How to Turn Failure into Success". If you would like to become very rich, you can buy the book "How to Make a Millionaire". If you never make any money at all, you may need a book called "How to Live on Nothing".

One of the most popular types of books is one that helps you with personal problems. If you want to have a better love of life, you can read "How to Succeed in Love every Minute of Your Life". If you are tired of books on happiness, you may prefer books which give **step-by-step** instructions on how to redecorate or enlarge a house.

Why have How-to books become so popular? Probably because life has become so complex. Today people have far more free time to use, more choices to make, and more problems to solve. How-to books

help people deal with modern life.

1. What is the passage mainly about?
A. How to turn failure into success
B. How-to books
C. How to make a millionaire
D. How to succeed in love every minute of your life
2. Which of the following is NOT the type of books giving information on careers?
A. "How to Turn Failure into Success"
B. "How to Live on Nothing"
C. "How to Make a Millionaire".
D. "How to Succeed in Love every Minute of Your Life".
3. The word "it" in paragraph 2 refers to _____.
A. advice
B. How-to books
C. instruction
D. career
4. The word "step-by-step" in paragraph 3 is closest in meaning to _____.
A. faster and faster
B. little by little
C. rapidly
D. slower and slower

Câu VIII. Đọc đoạn văn sau và trả lời các câu hỏi. (0,8 điểm)

Traveling is one of the most popular forms of recreation in the USA. Most American employees receive an annual vacation with pay, and it is a good time off for traveling. Traveling within the country is popular because foreign travel generally takes more time and money. However, Americans who wish to vacation outside the USA are free to go almost anywhere. Obtaining a passport is a routine matter.

Every year about 13 million Americans travel abroad. The most popular vacation periods are during the summer and during the two-week school break on the Christmas and New Year's holidays. These periods are also the most crowded and generally the most expensive time to travel, so people who can adjust their schedules sometimes choose vacation in the autumn. American vacationers often travel by car. Most families have a car, and those who do not have a car can rent one. Cars are usually the economical way to travel, especially for the families. It is also fairly fast and convenient. Excellent highways connect the major cities. They enable vacationers to travel at an almost steady speed of 55 to 65 miles an hour. Tourists that want to travel faster often fly to their destination and then rent a car to go around when they get there.

1. Why is travelling within the country popular?

2. How many Americans travel abroad every year, about thirty or thirteen million?

3. When is traveling the least expensive?

4. Are cars usually the economical way to travel?

Câu IX. Hoàn chỉnh câu thứ hai sao cho không thay đổi nghĩa so với câu đã cho. (1,2 điểm)

1. They provided the COVID patients in our village with free food and drink yesterday.
→ The COVID patients
2. "Are you sorry for what you did yesterday?" the mother said to her son.
→ The mother
3. I don't have a calculator, so I can't work this out quickly.
→ If
4. It's three months since she last ate in a restaurant.
→ She has.....
5. Nam is a more successful tennis player than I am.
→ Nam plays.....
6. Because of not working hard for the examination, she failed it.
→ Because she.....

HƯỚNG DẪN CHẤM
ĐỀ THAM KHẢO

Câu I. Chọn một phương án A, B, C hoặc D ứng với từ có phần gạch chân được phát âm khác với các từ còn lại. (0,8 điểm)

1. B	2. A	3. C	4. A
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Câu II. Chọn một phương án đúng A, B, C hoặc D ứng với từ hoặc cụm từ thích hợp để hoàn thành các câu sau. (3,2 điểm)

1. D	5. C	9. A	13. D
2. B	6. D	10. A	14. B
3. A	7. A	11. C	15. A
4. C	8. B	12. C	16. B

Câu III. Tìm một lỗi sai trong bốn phần gạch chân A, B, C hoặc D trong các câu sau đây. (0,8 đ)

1. D	2. D	3. C	4. C
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Câu IV. Viết dạng đúng của động từ trong ngoặc để hoàn chỉnh các câu sau. (0,8 điểm)

1. were watching
2. haven't seen
3. not to tell
4. staying

Câu V. Viết dạng đúng của từ trong ngoặc để hoàn chỉnh các câu sau. (0,8 điểm)

1. description
2. impossible
3. Unfortunately
4. misbehaved

Câu VI. Chọn một phương án đúng (A, B, C hoặc D) để điền vào chỗ trống trong đoạn văn sau. (0,8 điểm)

1. D	2. C	3. A	4. B
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Câu VII. Đọc đoạn văn sau và chọn câu trả lời đúng cho các câu hỏi. (0,8 điểm)

1. B	2. D	3. D	4. B
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Câu VIII. Đọc đoạn văn sau và trả lời các câu hỏi. (0,8 điểm)

1. Because foreign travel generally takes more time and money.
2. Every year about 13 million Americans travel abroad./ About 13 million.
3. In the autumn.
4. Yes./ Yes, they are.

Câu IX. Hoàn chỉnh câu thứ hai sao cho không thay đổi nghĩa so với câu đã cho. (1,2 điểm)

1. The COVID patients in our village were provided with free food and drink yesterday.
2. The mother asked her son if he was sorry for what he had done the previous day.
3. If I had a calculator, I could work out this quickly.
4. She has not eaten in a restaurant for three months.
5. Nam plays tennis more successfully than I do.
6. Because she didn't work hard for the examination, she failed it.