



ĐỀ CHÍNH THỨC

Mã đề 101

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best completes each of the following exchanges.

Question 1. Peter: "I think the air quality in this city is getting worse and worse."

Jenny: "_____. I can't see anything in the morning because of too much smog."

A. You can say that again B. I don't quite agree C. That's not a matter D. I don't really think so

Question 2. Mary: "Would you like some cookies? I have just baked them."

Tim: "_____. I'm hungry now."

A. Take it easy B. No, thanks C. Yes, of course D. Here you are

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.

Question 3. She (A) wishes that we (B) didn't send her the candy yesterday (C) because she's (D) on a diet.

Question 4. He (A) claimed that he (B) could provide (C) numerate other examples of her (D) incompetence.

Question 5. When children (A) experience (B) too much frustration, (C) its behavior (D) ceases to be integrated.

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of stress in each of the following questions.

Question 6. A. express B. enter C. employ D. reduce

Question 7. A. committee B. perspective C. employee D. politics

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

Question 8. A. than B. thumb C. thank D. think

Question 9. A. deal B. teach C. break D. clean

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

Question 10. She is the first girl in my class _____ part in the volleyball club.

A. takes B. taking C. take D. to take

Question 11. No one is indifferent to praise, _____?

A. are they B. is one C. is he D. aren't they

Question 12. They appeared surprisingly _____ about their chances of winning.

A. pessimistically B. pessimism C. pessimist D. pessimistic

Question 13. _____ women who set up the first women's refuges in the UK in the 1970s changed the world.

A. An B. The C. A D. Ø

Question 14. The safety of the children _____ everything else.

A. shows preference to B. takes precedence over C. places importance on D. takes advantage of

Question 15. I've been meaning to _____ repairing that fence for ages.

A. get out of B. get off to C. get up to D. get round to

Question 16. Lan was _____ of the two sisters.

A. the cleverest B. the clever C. the cleverer D. as clever as

Question 17. The new shopping mall _____ next month and a grand opening ceremony is being planned.

A. opens B. opened C. will be opened D. will open

Question 18. Since he started his own business, he has been making money hand over _____.

A. fist B. heel C. head D. palm

Question 19. If _____, that tree would look more impressive.

A. it is done carefully B. it were carefully done C. it were careful done D. being done careful

Question 20. Sandra's athletic _____ was demonstrated by her skillful win at the tennis match this weekend.

- A. knack B. fluency C. prowess D. splendor

Question 21. _____, she will buy her parents a new TV.

- A. When she receives her salary B. Once she received her salary
C. Until she received her salary D. After she had received her salary

Question 22. While the thief _____ into the house, he was bitten by a dog.

- A. broke B. was breaking C. had broken D. has broken

Question 23. One man _____ outside his own country is tipped to become the new President.

- A. little knowing B. to be little known C. to know little D. little known

Question 24. So how long have you been married _____ Nicky?

- A. to B. for C. with D. of

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

Question 25. Do you really think humans will be exterminated when more and more intelligent machines are invented in the future?

- A. wiped out B. stored C. killed D. resurrected

Question 26. The visual effects in the movie were stunning, but the acting is nowhere near up to the mark.

- A. satisfactory B. acceptable C. substandard D. awkward

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word in each of the following questions.

Question 27. Fierce storms have been hampering rescue efforts and there is now little chance of finding more survivors.

- A. allowing B. preventing C. encouraging D. promoting

Question 28. In the polluted environment, infectious diseases can be passed easily from one person to another.

- A. fatal B. safe C. contagious D. immune

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 29 to 33.

Why we need to protect polar bears?

Polar bears are being increasingly threatened by the effects of climate change, but their disappearance could have (29) _____ consequences. They are uniquely adapted to the extreme conditions of the Arctic Circle, where temperatures can reach -40°C. (30) _____ reason for this is that they have up to 11 centimeters of fat underneath their skin.

The medical benefits of the polar bear for humanity certainly have their importance in our conservation efforts, (31) _____ these should not be the only factors taken into consideration. Bears seem to be perceived as stupid and, in many cases, violent. And yet (32) _____ evidence from the field challenges those assumptions, suggesting, for example, that polar bears have good problem-solving abilities. A male bear (33) _____ is called Gogo in Tennoji Zoo, Osaka, has even been observed making use of a tool to manipulate his environment. The bear used a tree branch on multiple occasions to dislodge a piece of meat hung out of his reach.

(Adapted from <https://ieltsnerd.com>)

Question 29: A. far-flung B. far-reaching C. far-fetched D. far-sighted

Question 30: A. One B. Another C. The other D. Other

Question 31: A. since B. so C. or D. but

Question 32: A. anecdotal B. fictional C. imaginary D. artificial

Question 33: A. who B. whose C. which D. whom

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 34 to 38.

It is obviously not a good idea to travel during a pandemic. In most cases, doctors will definitely not give you the green light to do it, nor will the authorities in many regions and countries. However, if you do have to and are actually allowed to go, here are a few things to keep in mind.

First of all, consider the mode of transport you will use. One of the easiest ways to keep far from potentially infected people is to avoid public transportation and travel directly to your destination with minimal stops using your own vehicle. Traveling by air, as with any other activity that brings you close to other people, will increase the risk of being infected with the virus, so try your best to keep a safe distance from others when standing in airport lines.

Another thing to take into account is where you will stay. Accommodations where you can

minimize interactions with other people are best, but the traveler committed to masks and remaining six feet from others is likely to be fine, regardless of the accommodation. It doesn't matter whether the hotel is a chain motel or a boutique inn. It's more important that **it** has a good record and follows recommended guidelines.

In terms of where to eat, preparing your own food or ordering takeout would be the safest options. But it's still possible to eat in a restaurant. Important risk factors to pay attention to include the setting (outdoors over indoors), the overall size of the whole space, the number of people sharing that space with you at that time, and the amount of time you spend in that space. When possible, avoid "peak times" to minimize the number of people you share the space with, and leave as soon as you can.

(Adapted from *nationalgeographic.com*)

Question 34: What is the best title for this passage?

- A. How dangerous is traveling during the pandemic?
- B. The riskiest means of transport during pandemic times.
- C. What to consider when traveling amid the pandemic.
- D. Traveling during the pandemic: Where to stay and where to eat?

Question 35: The word "**give you the green light**" in paragraph 2 is closest in meaning to _____.

- A. encourage you
- B. convince you
- C. order you
- D. permit you

Question 36: The word "**it**" in paragraph 3 refers to _____.

- A. hotel
- B. motel
- C. inn
- D. record

Question 37: Which of the following is NOT TRUE, according to the passage?

- A. Traveling is not allowed by the authorities in many countries and regions.
- B. Using public transport will make it harder to keep away from other people.
- C. It is impossible for us to keep safe distances when standing in airport lines.
- D. Accommodation is not an issue if you wear masks and keep a safe distance.

Question 38: Which of the following is NOT mentioned as a risk factor when eating in a restaurant?

- A. whether the setting of the restaurant is indoors or outdoors.
- B. the general size of the whole restaurant.
- C. the number of people who visit the restaurant over one day.
- D. how long you stay inside the restaurant.

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 39 to 45.

When General O. O. Howard assumed his duties as commissioner of the Freedmen's Bureau on May 12, 1865, he faced no problem more difficult than that of affording freedmen legal protection. Despite the fact that the war had dealt a death blow to slavery, the legal status that blacks would occupy as free men was uncertain when the war ended.

In the pre-war period, Southern state law has discriminated against free blacks, providing harsher criminal punishment for them than for whites, denying them the right to testify against whites, and severely restricting their liberty in numerous ways. In the war's aftermath, Southern whites, rapidly able to gain control of **their** state and local governments under President Andrew Johnson's program of reconstruction, stood ready to apply this discriminatory law to the freedmen. Nor was the problem of affording freedmen legal protection limited to **shielding** them from enforcement of discriminatory state law.

In the post-war period, Southern whites, fearful of the consequences of liberation, resorted to violence on a massive scale in order to maintain their dominance over blacks. And in the face of this violence, Southern state law enforcement and judicial officials generally proved to be either **unwilling** or unable to bring to justice whites who had committed acts of violence against freedmen. Moreover, the problem of protecting black workers against immoral employers also confronted Howard and his subordinates.

Although the Freedmen's Bureau Act authorized them to lease and ultimately to sell abandoned land to freedmen, Andrew Johnson's policy prevented Bureau officials from using that authority to make blacks landowners. Consequently, in order to support themselves, most freedmen found it necessary to work for whites as plantation and farm laborers. And given impoverished planters' inability to pay laborers in cash at the end of each month, most black laborers had little choice but to agree to work for planters for an entire year and to receive their pay, in either cash or a share of the crop, at the end of the year. In this situation, white employers, many of whom were eager to pay their workers as little as possible, had numerous opportunities to deny freedmen's right.

Question 39: What is the passage mainly about?

- A. The need to protect freedmen from discriminatory laws.

- B. The problems facing the Freedmen's Bureau.
- C. General O. O. Howard's attempts to ensure economic equality for freedmen.
- D. The violence freedmen endured and the economic plights they faced.

Question 40: The word “**their**” in the passage refers to _____.

- A. judicial officials
- B. Southern whites
- C. blacks
- D. law enforcement official

Question 41: According to the passage, President Johnson's program of reconstruction _____.

- A. supported the South's criminal punishment of freedmen.
- B. had as its primary goal the legal protection of freedmen from discrimination.
- C. condemned slavery but failed to take any action to destroy it.
- D. did not prevent Southerners from recovering their political power in government.

Question 42: The word “**shielding**” in the passage is closest in meaning to _____.

- A. exposing
- B. stopping
- C. punishing
- D. protecting

Question 43: It can be inferred from the passage that Southern whites who committed violence against freedmen _____.

- A. were motivated by hate and anger.
- B. tried to reinstate slavery into the law.
- C. were often law enforcement officials.
- D. generally went unpunished.

Question 44: The word “**unwilling**” in the passage is closest in meaning to _____.

- A. unsuitable
- B. thankless
- C. reluctant
- D. disgraceful

Question 45: With which of the following statements would the author be most likely to agree?

- A. Freedmen were, in many ways, still slaves after the war because of their economic dependence on Southern plantation and farm owners.
- B. President Johnson's actions were guided by a desire to win the respect and loyalty of the Southern plantation and farm owners.
- C. Because Southerners had no resort to the judicial system, they employed violence as a means to control freedmen.
- D. The Freedmen's Bureau ultimately proved a success because it was able to guarantee freedmen private ownership of land.

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions.

Question 46. “How many lessons are you going to learn next month?”, he asked me.

- A. She asked me how many lessons I was going to learn the next month.
- B. She asked me how many lessons was I going to learn the next month.
- C. She wanted to know how many lessons I am going to learn the next month.
- D. She wondered how many lessons I were going to learn the next month.

Question 47. Using a cell phone in the examination room is strictly prohibited.

- A. You can use a cell phone in the examination room.
- B. You need to use a cell phone in the examination room.
- C. Using a cell phone in the examination room is allowed.
- D. You mustn't use a cell phone in the examination room.

Question 48. The last time I traveled abroad was last summer.

- A. I didn't travel abroad last summer.
- B. It's last summer since I didn't travel abroad.
- C. I have traveled abroad since last summer.
- D. I have not traveled abroad since last summer.

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences in the following questions.

Question 49. It was raining. That's the only reason I didn't take the children to the beach.

- A. If it hadn't been raining, I would take the children to the beach.
- B. But for it raining, I would take the children to the beach.
- C. It was raining; otherwise, I would have taken the children to the beach.
- D. It was raining so hard that I couldn't take the children to the beach.

Question 50. I had just arrived home. I was called immediately back to the head office 10 kilometers away.

- A. Hardly had I arrived home when I was called immediately back to the office 10 kilometers away.
- B. Because I had just arrived home, I was called immediately back to the office 10 kilometers away.
- C. Should I had just arrived home, I was called immediately back to the office 10 kilometers away.
- D. Whenever I had just arrived home, I was called immediately back to the office 10 kilometers away.

