

Họ tên : ..... Số báo danh : .....

Mã đề 001

*Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.*

Now I'm as environmentally concerned as the next man, probably more so, in fact, but a spate of new books urging us to "live better, greener lifestyles" and to 'live within nature's limits' leaves me rather cold. Evidently, it's easy. Buy products that don't exploit other humans, animals or the environment. Don't shop at the multinational supermarkets, support small shops which sell environmentally friendly products, buy local produce when you need to, and, while you're about it, just make your own bread, butter, cheese, jam, keep a milking cow, a few pigs, goats, chickens, beehives, gardens and orchards. Well, what are you waiting for?

The book *A Slice of Organic Life* by Sheherazade Goldsmith contains plenty of useful advice, and she comes across as modest, sincere and well informed. But of lobbying for political change, there is not a word. According to Goldsmith you can save the planet from your own kitchen - if you have endless time and plenty of land. When I was reading it on the train, another passenger asked me if he could take a look. He flicked through it for a moment, and then summed up the problem in seven words: "This is for people who don't work!"

The media's obsession with beauty, wealth and fame **blights** every issue it touches, but none more so than green issues. There is an inherent conflict between the aspirational lifestyle journalism that makes readers feel better about themselves and sells country-style kitchens to those who can afford them, and the central demand of environmentalism - that we should consume less. 'None of these changes represents a sacrifice, Goldsmith tells us. 'Being more conscientious isn't about giving up things.' But it is it, like her, you own more than one home when others have none. Uncomfortable as this is for both the media and its advertisers, giving things up is an essential component of going green. A section on ethical shopping in Goldsmith's book advises us to buy organic, buy seasonal, buy local, buy sustainable, buy recycled. But it says nothing about buying less. Green consumerism is becoming a pox on the planet. If it merely swapped the damaging goods we buy for less damaging ones, I would **champion** it. But two parallel markets are developing - one for unethical products and one for ethical products, and the expansion of the second does little to hinder the growth of the first.

But there is another danger with ethical shopping. I have met homeowners who have bought solar panels and wind turbines before **they** have done the simple thing and insulated their lofts, partly because they love gadgets but partly, I suspect, because everyone can then see how conscientious and how rich they are. We are often told that buying such products encourages us to think more widely about environmental challenges, but it is just as likely to be depoliticising. Green consumerism is a substitute for collective action; No political challenge can be met by shopping.

*(Adapted from Cambridge English Objective Proficiency by Peter Sunderland and Eria Whettem)*

**Câu 1:** In the third paragraph, the writer disagrees with Sheherazade Goldsmith on .....

- A. the need for people to make sacrifices.
- B. how people will react to being told how to run their lives.
- C. how the media can best promote the concept of ethical shopping.
- D. the need for the media to get involved in environmental matters.

- Câu 2:** The word “blights” in paragraph 3 is closest in meaning to.....  
 A. spreads                    B. threatens                    C. connects                    D. ruins
- Câu 3:** The word “champion” in paragraph 3 mostly means .....  
 A. support                    B. oppose                    C. influence                    D. defeat
- Câu 4:** Which of the following is **NOT** true, according to the views of the writer?  
 A. Green consumerism is not having the desired effect on the planet it intends.  
 B. Products which are sold for the wrong reasons are continuing to grow despite efforts otherwise.  
 C. In order to protect the environment, we need to follow the principles outlined by Sheherazade Goldsmith.  
 D. There is a lack of harmony between consumer-focused media and the demand for a greener society.
- Câu 5:** Which of the following can be inferred from the passage?  
 A. The writer is very apathetic towards environmentalism.  
 B. The writer asked another passenger on the train for his opinion on the book he was reading  
 C. Ethical shopping is becoming a signifier of social status.  
 D. The growth of ethical products has a part to play in limiting waste.
- Câu 6:** Which best serves as the title for the passage?  
 A. A Slice of Organic Life? Not for Me  
 B. Multinational Shops or Small Independents?  
 C. Going Green - why the Media is not Helping Matters  
 D. The Problem with Ethical Shopping
- Câu 7:** The word “they” in paragraph 4 refers to .....  
 A. homeowners                    B. wind turbines                    C. lofts                    D. solar panels

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.*

- Câu 8:** In 2003, Le Thanh Thuy was diagnosed with bone cancer and doctors decided to amputate her leg to save her life.  
 A. cut off                    B. stretch                    C. injure                    D. lift her
- Câu 9:** The global economy has been seriously undermined since the coronavirus was detected in Wuhan.  
 A. weakened                    B. adopted                    C. balanced                    D. classified

*Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.*

- Câu 10:** The more hard-working you are, ..... success you may achieve.  
 A. more                    B. most of                    C. the more                    D. the most
- Câu 11:** Thai Ngo Hieu’s brave action has contributed ..... beautifying the image of police officers in the people’s hearts.  
 A. to                    B. with                    C. for                    D. at
- Câu 12:** Paul noticed a job advertisement while he ..... along the street.  
 A. was walking                    B. would walk                    C. had walked                    D. walked
- Câu 13:** The first round of France’s 2022 presidential election ..... on 10 April.  
 A. was held                    B. had held  
 C. was holding                    D. held
- Câu 14:** She has just bought a ..... watch.  
 A. Swiss beautiful brand-new                    B. beautiful Swiss brand-new  
 C. Swiss brand-new beautiful                    D. beautiful brand-new Swiss

- Câu 15:** I don't suppose there is anyone there, .....?
- A. is there   B. don't I  
C. isn't there                                      D. do I
- Câu 16:** Lifelong learning can also help ..... some of the weaknesses of the education system.
- A. repair                         B. mend                         C. amend                         D. adjust
- Câu 17:** The biggest fear is that humans might ..... control over robots.
- A. lose                             B. keep                             C. gain                             D. take
- Câu 18:** She may still have a few fans in the World, but she is definitely past her .....
- A. fortune                         B. prime                             C. fame                             D. abilities
- Câu 19:** I will have been away from home for more than three years .....
- A. until I will have returned next month  
B. once I had returned next month  
C. as soon as I will return next month  
D. by the time I return to my country next month.
- Câu 20:** Indonesia got off to a ..... start with a goal in the first half, but Vietnam still won the match in the end.
- A. jumping                         B. flying                             C. leaping                         D. kicking
- Câu 21:** All activities have stopped ..... the weather has been terrible since yesterday.
- A. because                         B. because of                         C. despite                         D. although
- Câu 22:** ..... all of his savings in the project, he became almost penniless.
- A. Have invested   B. Having been invested  
C. Had invested   D. Having invested
- Câu 23:** Hanoi has nearly completed all ..... for the upcoming 31<sup>st</sup> Southeast Asian Games (SEA Games 31).
- A. preparatory   B. prepare  
C. preparations   D. preparingly
- Câu 24:** Scientists ..... a carefully controlled experiment on the mysterious new virus.
- A. carried out   B. carried over  
C. put up   D. measured out

***Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.***

- Câu 25:** We urge that stricter measures should be taken to prevent the extermination of some endangered species.
- A. disappearance   B. destruction         C. rescue                 D. killing

- Câu 26:** I haven't prepared much for tomorrow's interview. Just the thought of sitting in a room full of interviewers made my hair stand on end.
- A. horrified me         B. cooled me             C. appalled me         D. comforted me

***Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences in the following questions.***

- Câu 27:** Mark works so hard. I'm sure he'll be promoted soon.
- A. So hard is his work that I'm sure he'll be promoted soon.  
B. Only when I am sure he'll be promoted soon does Mark work hard.  
C. So hard does Mark work that I'm sure he'll be promoted soon.  
D. Were I not sure of his being promoted soon, Mark wouldn't work so hard.

- Câu 28:** Peter moved abroad for a fresh start. He regrets it now.
- A. Peter regrets not having moved abroad for a fresh start.  
B. If only Peter had moved abroad for a fresh start.  
C. Peter wishes he hadn't moved abroad for a fresh start.  
D. If Peter moved abroad for a fresh start, he would regret it.

**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.**

**Câu 29:** Assuring the reliability and purity of the water supply is one of the more significant challenges facing an ever growing world population.

- A. Assuring                      B. facing                      C. water supply                      D. growing

**Câu 30:** The chef revealed the secret ingredients in his winning recipe and some of it were locally sourced.

- A. it                      B. revealed                      C. sourced                      D. winning

**Câu 31:** Peter and David are playing the piano in the living room in the morning yesterday.

- A. the                      B. are                      C. in                      D. living

**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the most suitable response to complete each of the following exchanges.**

**Câu 32:** Mark and Michael are talking about working from home.

- Mark: "I believe that working remotely can have some benefits."

- Michael: "..... Some parents have reported that they couldn't concentrate on their work because of their children."

- A. You have a point there                      B. I totally agree with you

- C. Don't say that again                      D. I don't quite agree

**Câu 33:** Dick is thanking Michelle for giving him the gift on his birthday.

**Dick:** "Thanks for the nice gift you brought to me!"

**Michelle:** "....."

- A. Not at all

- B. Welcome! I'm glad you like it

- C. All right! Do you know how much it costs?

- D. Actually speaking, I myself don't like it

**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions.**

**Câu 34:** It's not necessary for us to rehearse the final scene.

- A. We shouldn't rehearse the final scene.

- B. We needn't rehearse the final scene.

- C. We can't rehearse the final scene.

- D. We mustn't rehearse the final scene.

**Câu 35:** My father often said to me, "Good for you! It's good to be independent."

- A. My father encouraged me to be independent.

- B. My father warned me not to depend on others.

- C. My father taught that being independent is a good quality.

- D. My father told me never to depend on any other person.

**Câu 36:** Lucy hasn't had her teeth checked for 2 months.

- A. Lucy didn't have her teeth checked 2 months ago.

- B. Lucy has had her teeth checked for 2 months.

- C. Lucy last had her teeth checked 2 months ago.

- D. Lucy has 2 months to have her teeth checked.

**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.**

**Câu 37:** A. searched                      B. developed                      C. recorded                      D. accessed

**Câu 38:** A. reputation                      B. preparation                      C. respectable                      D. dedication

**Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.**

In general, pollution is the act of putting contaminants into the environment that will

negatively affect it. In the area of noise pollution, it is the effect of excess noise on humans or animals that will hurt their lives.

Noise pollution refers to the various non-nature sounds that reverberate in the environment and are unpleasant to the ears. As against the peace and serenity that reigns in the areas **that** are uninhabited by humans, the human-occupied areas are almost always devoid of calm. However, it is more of the urban centers that have a very high instance of noise pollution.

The most significant contributor to the noise pollution is perhaps the increasing vehicular traffic with a need to rush through to the destination, ending up in blaring of horns and people shouting across the roads. The loud cacophony of the crowds, the sounds **emanating** from factories or construction sites and the loud music or announcements pouring out from loudspeakers and radios are some examples of what constitutes noise pollution.

One thing needed to control problems like noise pollution is a basic civic sense. Empathy towards others is the primary key to cutting noise beyond the necessary levels. An educated and aware person will not use horns unless needed. The use of loudspeakers will also be limited or eliminated. However, if that does not work, there has to be enforcement of some rules by the authorities towards controlling these acts. Noise pollution is a major issue in various places, but there are also avenues that are being introduced to reduce it minimally.

(Adapted from [www.importantindic.com](http://www.importantindic.com))

**Câu 39:** Which of the following is **NOT** mentioned regarding the contributors to noise pollution?

- A. Systems through which music is played can be considered partly to blame.
- B. The amount of private transport on the road is on the rise.
- C. The blaring of car horns is louder than the people shouting across the road.
- D. Industrial sites also play a part in the formulation of noise pollution.

**Câu 40:** What does the passage mainly discuss?

- A. An overview of noise pollution
- B. What causes noise pollution
- C. Some ways to make noise
- D. How to prevent noise pollution

**Câu 41:** The word '**that**' in paragraph 2 refers .....

- A. humans
- B. ears
- C. areas
- D. sounds

**Câu 42:** The word '**emanating**' in paragraph 3 is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_.

- A. facing
- B. lending
- C. preventing
- D. coming

**Câu 43:** Which of the following is true, according to the passage?

- A. Authorities have started to up their game in enforcing rules to minimise noise pollution in several cities.
- B. Cities have higher levels of noise pollution than rural areas.
- C. People who have been to university do not tend to use their car horns as much as those who haven't.
- D. Noise pollution affects animals more than it does humans.

**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.**

**Câu 44:** A. industry                      B. consumption                      C. prestigious                      D. industrial

**Câu 45:** A. require                              B. demand                              C. obey                              D. finish

**Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to choose the word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks.**

**THE CYBERSPACE LEARNING INITIATIVE**

Technological advances have a way of dispelling previously held misconceptions. \_\_ (46) \_\_ such misconception about education is rooted in time-honoured conventions. For instance, acquiring an education has, from time immemorial, involved us \_\_ ( 47 ) \_\_ attending a particular educational institution, for a specific period of time, at a specific age. Advances in technology, \_\_ ( 48 ) \_\_ , have generated revolutionary applications that could change the face of education as we know it today. \_\_ ( 49 ) \_\_ learning, otherwise known as electronic learning, may not be new, but our perception of its impact and functionality is powerful. Initially, overenthusiastic entrepreneurs rushed into a number of e-learning ventures, \_\_ ( 50 ) \_\_ failed to live up to their and our expectations. However, in view of recent developments in Internet and multimedia technologies, we have been reassessing the potential of online learning.

(Adapted from *Traveller* by H.Q. Mitchell)

- |                |                    |                      |                       |                       |
|----------------|--------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| <b>Câu 46:</b> | <b>A.</b> Many     | <b>B.</b> Few        | <b>C.</b> One         | <b>D.</b> Another     |
| <b>Câu 47:</b> | <b>A.</b> mentally | <b>B.</b> physically | <b>C.</b> emotionally | <b>D.</b> spiritually |
| <b>Câu 48:</b> | <b>A.</b> however  | <b>B.</b> though     | <b>C.</b> for example | <b>D.</b> moreover    |
| <b>Câu 49:</b> | <b>A.</b> Inline   | <b>B.</b> Online     | <b>C.</b> Outline     | <b>D.</b> Offline     |
| <b>Câu 50:</b> | <b>A.</b> who      | <b>B.</b> that       | <b>C.</b> which       | <b>D.</b> it          |

**----- THE END -----**