Đề thi thử THPTQG môn Anh năm 2020 của trường Lý Thái Tổ tỉnh Bắc Ninh dưới đây sẽ là tài liệu giúp các em ôn luyện thêm những dạng đề, cấu trúc câu hay được ra trong các kì thi

#### Đề thi thử

B. an

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of thefollowing questions. **Question 1**: Mike came across his old friend - Maria while he \_\_\_\_\_along the street. A. had walked B. would walk C. was walking D. walked **Question 2**: I don't mind walking long distances, because I know it \_\_\_\_\_me good. A. does B. plays C. gets D. gives Question 3: Nowadays, most people rely \_\_\_\_\_\_the mass media as their main source of information. A. on B. in C. to D. with **Question 4:** Human beings are \_\_\_\_\_\_ greatest threat to survival of endangered species.  $A.\emptyset$ 

# Đề thi thử THPT Quốc gia 2020 môn Anh trường Lý Thái Tổ lần 1 C. the D. a **Question 5**: \_\_\_\_\_\_we couldn't make out the gist of the passage. A. Due to Romeo's carefully explanations B. Though carefully explained by Romeo C. Carefully as Romeo explained D. As Romeo carefully explained **Question 6**: Josh would never forget \_\_\_\_\_\_by his parent through no fault of his own. A. having scold B. to have scolded C. to be scolded D. being scolded **Question 7**: All his companies had been successful and he was known to be rich. A. excessively B. completely C. extremely D. thoroughly Question 8: It is of great \_\_\_\_\_\_ to show your interest and politeness when you are having a jobinterview A. important B. importance C. importantly D. unimportant

**Question 9**: I looked the word up in the dictionary to refresh my \_\_\_\_\_\_ of its exact meaning.

A. brain
B. mind
C. thoughts
D. memory
<b>Question 10</b> : Ifaccess to education, children living in poverty will have a brighter future.
A. providing
B. are provided
C. having provided
D. provided
<b>Question 11</b> : Andrew is a very disciplined employee. Hegreat importance to coming towork in time.
A. affixes
B. attaches
C. admits
D. attributes
<b>Question 12</b> : Jane never gives her mother a hand in houseworkshe has a lot of free time.
A. although
B. since
C. in spite of
D. because of
Question 13: Rita is notof doing this work - she should change her class.
A. capable
B. possible

C. suitable
D. habitual
Question 14: If you eat too much, you the price by putting on weight.
A. will pay
B. paid
C. would pay
D. were paying
Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the most suitable response to completeeach of the following exchanges.
Question 15: Joana and David, two students, are talking about studying abroad.
- Joana: "I think studying abroad is the only way to get a well-paid job.
- David: " There're still many different ways to get it."
A. You're exactly right
B. I don't think so
C. That's what I think
D. There's no doubt about it
Question 16: Peter is having dinner at Wendy's house.
- Peter: "This steamed crab is so delicious."
- Wendy:""
A. Sure. I'd love to.
B. I'm afraid not.
C. No, don't worry
D. I'm glad you like it

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined partdiffers from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

Question 17:
A. mouth
B. f <u>ou</u> nder
C. ab <u>ou</u> t
D. country
Question 18:
A. accessed
B. search <u>ed</u>
C. record <u>ed</u>
D. develop <u>ed</u>
Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from theother three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.
Question 19:
A. interpret
B. chemistry
C. attention
D. romantic
Question 20:
A. Attract
B. discuss
C. follow
D. confide

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning tothe underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

<b>Question 21</b> : His second venture, a software firm, is booming and will soon be ready to <b>take on</b> morestaff.
A. adopt
B. dismiss
C. prepare
D.employ
Question 22: The smell of chalk always evokes memories of my school days.
A. revises
B. brings
C. recalls
D. catches
Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning tothe underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.
<b>Question 23</b> : You won't be <b>penalized</b> for venturing a guess, so be sure not to leave anyquestions unanswered.
A. rewarded
B. punished
C. motivated
D. discouraged
Question 24: I think we cannot purchase this device this time as it costs an arm and a leg.
A. is cheap
B. is painful
C. is confusing

D. is expensive

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks.

#### **Adult Learners**

Adult learners have many characteristics that distinguish them from school or college
learners. Firstly, they come to courses with experiences and knowledge in diverse areas. They
often prefer(25) learning activities that enable them to draw on the skills and
experience they haveacquired. In the main, adults have realistic aims and have valuable
(26), they are readily able to relate new
facts to past experiences and enjoyhaving their talents explored in leaning situations. Adults have
established opinions and beliefs,(28)have been formed over time through their
experience of families, work, community, or politics.
A majority of adults also have (29) motivation and their effort increases because of
theirdesire to learn, they are also motivated by the relevance of the material to be addressed, and
learnbetter when material is related to their own needs and interests.
(Adopted from "Complete Advanced" by Guy Brook-Hart and Simon Haines)
Question 25:
Question 25.
A. practicality
B. practical
C. practically
C. practically
D. practice
•
Question 26:
A. ability
A. ability
B. grasp
C. uptake
D. insight
Question 27:
A. In addition
11. In addition
B. In contrast

De thi thu 1111 1 Quoe gia 2020 mon Ann truong Ly 1 nai 10 ian 1
C. As a result
D. However
Question 28:
A. where
B. which
C. who
D.that
Question 29:
A. instinctive
B. intrinsic
C. spiritual
D. perceptive
Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 38 to 42.

Table manners differ around the world. If you visit a friend's home for a meal, it's good to knowabout the customs **they** follow.

If you are invited to a Moroccan's home, bring a gift of sweet pastries, nuts, figs, dates, or flowersto the hostess. In many traditional homes, people often sit on the floor to eat a meal. Often, everyoneshares food from the same 10 plate. The plate is put in the centre of the table. Usually, everyone alsodrinks water from the same glass. Only eat the food in front of you. Don't reach across someone forfood. It is common to use you your fingers and small pieces of bread to eat food. Use only your righthand to eat. Don't say "no" to food. If the host of the meal **offers** you food or drink, take some and trya little. In many Moroccan homes, it is common to take off your shoes.

Tanzania is known for its fresh fish and spices. Don't act scared if your meal comes with its headstill on the plate. It is polite to try a bite of everything. In many Tanzania homes, people sit at a tableon a small stools to eat. It is OK to eat with your right hand, using bread or chapati to pick up food. Everyone may take food from the same plate., but it is not usual for people to share drinks. You may compliment the cook on a delicious meal, but don't exaggerate. In some parts of Tanzania, men andwomen still sit at different tables. Also remember: it is common to take off your shoes in the home, butit is rude to show the bottom of your foot.

(Adopted from Active Skills for Reading Intro by Neil J Anderson)

**Question 30**: Which best serves as the title for the passage? A. Table Manners across some cultures in the world. B. Tips for foreigners when having meal in Tanzania C. Table Manners in Morocco, Things to do for everyone D. Table Manners - Ultimate Guide to Dining Etiquette **Question 31**: The word "they" in paragraph 1 refers to A. customs B. manners C. meals D. friends **Question 32**: According to the passage, why does the writer think it is good to know about customs inother countries? A. You can know how to eat healthy. B. You can act in a proper way. C. You can order food in a restaurant. D. You can learn the language. **Question 33**: The word "offers" in paragraph 2 is closest in meaning to A. exchanges B. attends C. receives D. provides **Question 34**: According to paragraph 3, which of the following should **NOT** do in Tanzania? A. eat with your hands

- B. take food from the same plate
- C. show the bottom of your foot
- D. take off your shoes 381400

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.

Nepal has made important progress over the past few years to promote equality, but the countrystill has one of the highest rates of child marriage in the world. 41% of Nepalese girls are marriedbefore the age of 18.

Poverty is both a cause and consequence of child marriage in Nepal. Girls from the wealthiestfamilies marry 2 years later than **those** from the poorest, who are seen as an economic burden, and whodrop out of school and earn little money.

Food insecurity plays an important role too. Nepalese families that do not have enough food to eatare more likely to marry their daughters at a young age to decrease the financial **burden**. One studyshows that 91% of people who had secure access to food married over the age of 19.

Dowry is also common practice in many communities. Parents marry their daughters as soon aspossible because the money they have to pay to the groom's family is higher if their daughter is older. Since 2010, the legal age of marriage is 20 for both men and women, or 18 with parental consent, according to the Nepalese Country Code.

The law states that punishment for child marriage is <u>imprisonment</u> for up to three years and a fineof up to 10,000 rupees (£102). But reports suggest that this law is rarely applied. There has been quite a lot of progress in Nepal over the past 3 years with a clear government commitment to ending childmarriage and civil society cooperation. The Ministry of Women, Children and Social Welfare iscurrently developing Nepal's first national strategy on child marriage in collaboration with UNICEFNepal and Girls Not Brides Nepal. However, the post-earthquake and post-fuel crisis environment hasmeant progress is slow and the national strategy has been delayed.

(Adapted from http://www.girlsnotbrides.org)

**Question 35**: Which of the following best serves as the title for the passage?

- A. Nepal Government in attempt to reduce social inequality.
- B. Child marriage A completely tractable problem in Nepal.
- C. Nepal's strategies to child protection programming.
- D. One type of child abuse in Nepal: Child Marriage.

Question 36: According to paragraph 2, in Nepal, girls from needy families

A. play an important role in bolstering their household finances

B. have to get married earlier than those are from affluent families
C. can get married two years later than those are from poor families
D. are forced to drop out of school because their parents have no money
Question 37: The word "those" in paragraph 2 refers to
A. girls
B. families
C. years
D. rates
Question 38: The word "burden" in paragraph 3 is closest in meaning to
A. issue
B. potency
C. load
D.cargo
Question 39: According to the last paragraph, how many years will a rule-breaker spend in jail?
A. exactly three years
B. over three years
C. from one to three years
D. about two years
Question 40: The word "imprisonment" in the last paragraph could be best replaced by
A. detention
B. custody

C. salvation

D. emblem

**Question 41**: According to the passage, which of the following statements is NOT true?

- A. Nepalese families have a tendency to marry their daughters at a young age.
- B. Parents who marry their children before the allowed age normally pay a fine
- C. The age of marriage in Nepal depends on the money the families have.
- D. According to the law, if people have their parents' permission, they are allowed to marry at 18.

**Question 42**: It can be inferred from the passage \_\_\_\_\_

- A. The government is not doing much to put an end to child marriage
- B. Nepal had the highest overall prevalence of child marriage in the world
- C. Families want to marry their daughters soon to earn money
- D. The recent earthquake was negative for the eradication of child marriage

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.

**Question 43**: My brother and I go sometimes swimming together with our uncle's family.

ABCD

**Question 44**: Her father <u>used to</u> be a <u>distinguishable</u> professor <u>at</u> the university. Many students <u>worshipped</u> him.

ABCD

**Question 45**: Those famous pictures hanging on the gallery wall painted in France.

ABCD

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions.

**Question 46**: "You should have informed me of the change in advance." The boss said to hissecretary.

- A. The boss blamed his secretary for not informing him of the change in advance.
- B. The boss thanked his secretary for informing him of the change in advance.
- C. The boss encouraged his secretary not to inform him of the change in advance.
- D. The boss advised his secretary to inform him of the change in advance.
- **Question 47**: In Venezuela, beauty contests are more popular than football.
- A. In Venezuela, beauty contests are as popular as football.
- B. In Venezuela, football is more popular than beauty contests.
- C. In Venezuela, football is not as popular as beauty contests
- D. In Venezuela, beauty contests are not as popular as football.
- **Question 48**: Joey put all his money on the lottery, which was his big mistake.
- A. Joey shouldn't have put all his money on the lottery.
- B. Joey needn't have put all his money on the lottery.
- C. Joey may not have put all his money on the lottery.
- D. Joey can't have put all his money on the lottery.

# Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best combines eachpair of sentences in the following questions.

- **Question 49**: Susan didn't apply for the job in the library. She regrets it now.
- A. Susan wishes she had applied for the job in the library.
- B. If only Susan applied for the job in the library.
- C. Susan regrets applying for the job in the library.
- D. Susan regrets to apply for the job in the library.
- **Question 50**: Hans told us about his investment in the company. He did it on his arrival at the meeting.
- A. Hardly had he informed us about his investment in the company when Hans arrived at themeeting.

- B. Only after investing in the company did Hans informs us of his arrival at the meeting.
- C. No sooner had Hans arrived at the meeting than he told us about his investment in thecompany.
- D. Not until Hans told us that he would invest in the company did he arrive at the meeting

#### Đáp án

1. C	2. A	3. A	4. C	5. B	6. D	7. C	8. B	9. D	10. D
11. B	12. A	13. A	14. A	15. B	16. D	17. D	18. C	19. B	20. C
21. D	22. C	23. A	24. A	25. B	26. D	27. A	28. B	29. B	30. A
31. D	32. B	33. D	34. C	35. D	36. B	37. A	38. C	39. C	40. A
41. B	42. D	43. B	44. B	45. D	46. A	47. C	48. A	49. A	50. C

-----

Học tốt vừa chia sẻ đến các em đề thi thử THPTQG môn Anh trường Lý Thái Tổ - Bắc Ninh năm học 2020. Còn rất nhiều bộ đề thi thử THPT Quốc gia 2020 môn Anh của các trường khác trên cả nước đã được chúng tôi biên tập, thường xuyên truy cập vào trang để cập nhật nhé!