Đề thi thử THPT Quốc gia năm 2019 Môn Anh

trường THPT Thăng Long - Hà Nội

SỐ GD&ĐT TP HÀ NỘI TRƯỜNG THPT THẮNG LONG

Question 15: Arranging flowers

ĐỂ THI THỬ THPTQG NĂM 2019 LẦN I Môn thị: TIẾNG ANH

Mã để thi 123 Thời gian làm bài: 60 phút, không kể thời gian phát để Họ, tên thí sinh: Số báo danh: Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions. Question 1:A. intend B. medal C. compete D. defend Question 2:A. clothes B. bosses C. boxes D. couches Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of the primary stress in each of the following questions. Question 3:A. solidarity B. effectively C. documentary D. dedication Question 4: A. royal B. unique C. remote D. extreme Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions. Question 5: My purse at the station while I for the train. A. must have been stolen/was waiting B. should have stolen/had been waiting C. will be stolen/am waiting D. had to steal/would be waiting Question 6: The handwriting is completely . This note must have been written a long time ago. A. inedible B. indelible C. illegible D. unfeasible Question 7: 1 suggest our rooms before Tet Holiday. A. should decorate B. is decorated C. were decorated D. be decorated Question 8: The curriculum at this public school is as good of any private school. A. as or better that B. as or better than that C. as or better than those D. better than Question 9: - Daisy: "Are you ill? You look terrible!" - Liz: "Well, I am a bit ______. The doctor says I must rest." B. run-off C. run-out D. run-down A. run-up Question 10: He'd hardly finished doing his homework when you arrived, A. didn't he B. had he C. would he D. hadn't he Question 11: he arrived at the bus stop when the bus came. B. No longer had D. No sooner had A. Not until had C. Hardly had Question 12: My mother often our mistakes, whereas my father is very strict and punishes us for even the slightest one. B. overlooks C. avoids A. appreciates D. enjoys Question 13: Be sure to a real effort to answer all the questions the interviewer asks you. A. hide B. set C. train D. make hard when we were at school. Question 14: We were made B. study D. studied A. to study C. studying

among my sister's hobbies.

A. were	B. have been	C. are	D. is				
Question 16: We reg	ret to tell you that the mater	rials you ordered are	to worker				
A. out of stock B. out of reach		Same and the same	D. out of practice				
Question 17: Laura d	lidn't enjoy her first year at	college because she failed to	her new friends.				
A. come in for	B. look down on		D. get on with				
Question 18: If it had	I not rained last night, the re	oads in the city so slip	pery now.				
A. must not be	B. would not be		D. would not have been				
Mark the letter A, B,	C, or D on your answer sh	eet to indicate the word(s) C	LOSEST in meaning to the				
	l(s) in each of the following						
Question 19: We sho	uld find ways to improve o	ur products <u>in terms of</u> qualit	y and service.				
A. for considering a	spects B. in spite of	C. with a view to	D. in regard to				
Question 20: We real	lly appreciate your help, w	ithout which we couldn't have	got our task done in time.				
A. depreciate	B. are proud of	C. feel thankful for	D. request				
Mark the letter A, B,	C, or D on your answer sh	eet to indicate the word(s) O	PPOSITE in meaning				
to the underlined bol	d word(s) in each of the for	llowing questions.					
Question 21: Never I	ounish your children by hit	ting them. This might teach th	em to become hitters.				
A. bring	B. reward	C. give	D. accept				
Question 22: The fi	rst year at university was	probably the most challengi	ng year of her life, which				
caused her plenty of t	[[[리마]][[[리마]][[[리마]][[[리마]][[[]][[[]][
A. tricky	B. tough	C. difficult	D. easy				
Mark the letter A, B,	C, or D on your answer sh	eet to indicate the most suita	ble response to				
complete each of the	following exchanges.						
Question 23: John's the bank.	in Hanoi and wants to char	nge some money. He asks the	local passer-by the way to				
- John: "Can you show	w me the way to the nearest	bank, please?"					
- Passer-by: "		\$2 7/55+1.00 • \$0 • \$0.00 × 5/50 × 50+00					
A. Not way, sorry		B. Just round the corner	over there				
C. Look it up in a d	ictionary	D. There's no traffic nea	D. There's no traffic near here				
	a's in a fashion store in Tran	ng Tien Plaza.					
T.	this bag be so expensive?"	The same of the sa					
- The shop assistant:							
A. Yes, it's the most	firmonomic con-	B. You're paying for the	brand				
C. What an expensi		D. That's a good idea					
THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE		A, B, C, or D on your answe	er sheet to choose the word				
	ts each of the numbered blo						
	Reasons to	Not Hit Your Kids					
The practice of hitti	ng children teaches them to	become hitters themselves. E	extensive research data is				
now available to supp	ort the direct correlation (2	5)corporal punishme	nt in childhood and violent				
behavior in the teenag	하면 하는 병원 사이 회사를 하는 그래.	, all of the most dangerous cr	iminals (26)regularly				
		e right," that it is okay to hurt	someone smaller and less				

powerful than you are. The child then feels it is appropriate to mistreat younger or smaller children, and when he becomes an adult, feels little (27)______for those less fortunate or powerful than he is, and fears those who are more so. Thus it is difficult for him to find (28)______friendships.

Children learn best through parental modeling. Punishment gives the message that hitting is an appropriate way to express one's feelings and to solve problems. If the child rarely sees the parents handle anger and solve problems in a creative and positive way, he can never learn how (29) that himself.

(Adapted from "Reasons to Not Hit Your Kids" by Jan Hunt)

D. unknown

Question 25: A. among	B. about	C. between	D. above	
Question 26: A. were	B. be	C. could	D. might	
Question 27: A. jealousy	B. compassion	C. greediness	D. appreciation	
Question 28: A. meaningle	ess B. meaning	C. meaninglessly	D. meaningful	
Question 29: A. to do	B. do	C. doing	D. done	

Thus inadequate parenting continues into the next generation.

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 30 to 34.

As heart disease continues to be the number-one killer in the United States, researchers have become increasingly interested in identifying the <u>potential</u> risk factors that trigger heart attacks. High-fat diets and "life in the fast lane" have long been known to contribute to the high incidence of heart failure. But according to new studies, the list of risk factors may be significantly longer and quite surprising.

Heart failure, for example appears to have seasonal and temporal patterns. A higher percentage of heart attacks occur in cold weather, and more people experience heart failure on Monday than on any other day of the week. In addition, people are more <u>susceptible to</u> heart attacks in the first few hours after waking. Cardiologists first observed this morning phenomenon in the mid-1980s and have since discovered a number of possible causes. An early-morning rise in blood pressure, heart rate, and concentration of heart-stimulating hormones, plus a reduction of blood flow to the heart, may all contribute to the higher incidence of heart attacks between the hours of 8:00 A.M and 10 A.M.

In other studies, both birthdays and bachelorhood have been implicated as risk factors. Statistics reveal that heart attack rates increase significantly for both females and males in the few days immediately preceding and following their birthdays. And unmarried men are more at risk for heart attacks than their married counterparts. Though stress is thought to be linked in some way to all of the aforementioned risk factors, intense research continues in the hope of further comprehending why and how heart failure is triggered.

Question 30: What does the passage mainly discuss?

A. cardiology in the 1980s B. risk factors in heart attacks

C. diet and stress as factors in heart attacks

D. seasonal and temporal patterns of heart attacks

Question 31: In line 2, the word "potential" could best be replaced by which of the following?

A. possible B. harmful C. primary

Question 32: The phrase "susceptible to" could best be replaced by

A. aware of B. affected by C. prone to D. accustomed

Question 33: Which of the following is NOT cited as a possible risk factor?

A. having a birthday B. getting married C. eating fatty foods D. being under stress

Question 34: Which of the following does the passage infer?

- A. We now fully understand how risk factors trigger heart attacks.
- B. We recently began to study how risk factors trigger heart attacks.
- C. We have not identified many risk factors associated with heart attacks.
- D. We do not fully understand how risk factors trigger heart attacks.

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 35 to 42.

Social networks

Business applications

Social networks connect people at low cost; this can be beneficial for entrepreneurs and small businesses looking to expand their contact base. These networks often act as a customer relationship management tool for companies selling products and services. Companies can also use social networks for advertising in the form of banners and text ads. Since businesses operate globally, social networks can make it easier to keep in touch with contacts around the world.

Medical applications

Social networks are beginning to be adopted by healthcare professionals as a means to manage institutional knowledge, disseminate peer to peer knowledge and to highlight individual physicians and institutions. The advantage of using a dedicated medical social networking site is that all the members are screened against the state licensing board list of practitioners. The role of social networks is especially of interest to pharmaceutical companies who spend approximately "32 percent of their marketing dollars" attempting to influence the opinion leaders of social networks.

Languages, nationalities and academia

Various social networking sites have <u>sprung up</u> catering to different languages and countries. The popular site Facebook has been cloned for various countries and languages and some specializing in connecting students and faculty.

Social networks for social good

Several websites are beginning to tap into the power of the social networking model for social good. Such models may be highly successful for connecting otherwise fragmented industries and small organizations without the resources to reach a broader audience with interested and passionate users. Users benefit by interacting with a like-minded community and finding a channel for their energy and giving.

Business model

<u>Few</u> social networks currently charge money for membership. In part, this may be because social networking is a relatively new service, and the value of using them has not been firmly established in customers' minds. Companies such as MySpace and Facebook sell online advertising on their site. Hence, they are seeking large memberships, and charging for membership would be counter productive. Some believe that the <u>deeper</u> information that the sites have on each user will allow much better targeted advertising than any other site can currently provide. Sites are also seeking other ways to make money, such as by creating an online marketplace or by selling professional information and social connections to businesses.

Privacy issues

On large social networking services, there have been growing concerns about users giving out too much personal information and the threat of sexual predators. Users of these services need to be aware of data theft or viruses. However, large services, such as MySpace, often work with law enforcement to try to prevent such incidents. In addition, there is a perceived privacy threat in relation to placing too much

personal information in the hands of large corporations or governmental bodies, allowing a profile to be produced on an individual's behavior on which decisions, detrimental to an individual, may be taken.

Investigations

Social network services are increasingly being used in legal and criminal investigations. Information posted on sites such as MySpace and Facebook, has been used by police, probation, and university officials to prosecute users of said sites. In some situations, content posted on MySpace has been used in court

Question 35: According to the text, social networks

A. are about friendships

B. are being used by businesses for marketing

C. can damage business reputations

D. advertise on business web sites

Question 36: Why do advertisers like social network sites?

- A. They are cost-effective to advertise on.
- B. Detailed information on each user allows targeted ads.
- C. Most users have high disposable income.
- D. They can influence consumer behavior.

Question 37: What does the expression "sprung up" in the part Languages, nationalities and academia mean?

- A. The development of social networking is unplanned.
- B. Everybody is trying to copy Facebook.
- C. Social networking works in all languages.
- D. There has been rapid development of social networking sites.

Question 38: What does the word "Few" at the beginning of the part Business model mean?

A. Not any

B. Some

C. Hardly any

D. Only

Question 39: What should users not do on social networks?

A. download viruses

B. be too free with their personal information

C. contact predators

D. upload copyrighted music

Question 40: What does the word "deeper" in the part Business model mean?

A. more detailed

B. more spiritual

C. more profound

D. more emphatic

Question 41: Personal information on social network sites

A. is sold to the government

B. gives a good description of the user's personality

C. is translated into many languages

D. can be used in court

Question 42: Social networking is great for

- A. academic organizations
- B. people writing too much information about themselves
- C. groups of people separated over wide areas
- D. the law enforcement agencies

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.

Question 43: I saw (A) the blind woman (B) crossed the busy road (C) without any (D) help.

Question 44: (A) A paragraph is a portion of a text (B) consists of one or more (C) sentences related (D) to the same idea.

Question 45: (A) While the campaign, young volunteers helped (B) build bridges, (C) roads and houses for some of Viet Nam's most (D) disadvantaged families.

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions.

Question 46: Had he known more about the information technology, he would have invested in some computer companies.

- A. Not knowing about the information technology help him invest in some computer company.
- B. He didn't know much about the information technology and he didn't invest in any computer companies.
- C. Knowing about the information technology, he would have invested in some computer companies.
- D. He would have invested in some computer companies without his knowledge of the information technology.

Question 47: My uncle didn't recognize me until I spoke.

- A. My uncle recognized me not until I spoke.
- B. Only when my uncle recognized me did I speak.
- C. Not until I spoke did my uncle recognize me.
- D. When I spoke, my uncle didn't recognize me.

Question 48: "Why don't you complain to the company, John?" said Peter.

- A. Peter suggested that John should complain to the company.
- B. Peter advised John complaining to the company.
- C. Peter threatened John to complain to the company.
- D. Peter asked John why he doesn't complain to the company.

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences in the following questions.

Question 49: You have just passed your final examination. This makes your parents happy

- A. Having just passed your final examination making your parents happy.
- B. You have just passed your final examination makes your parents happy.
- C. That you have just passed your final examination makes your parents happy.
- **D.** You have just passed your final examination which it makes your parents happy.

Question 50: You cannot completely avoid stress in your life. You need to find ways to cope with it

- A. As long as you can completely avoid stress in your lives, you need to find ways to cope with it
- B. After you can completely avoid stress in your life, you need to find ways to cope with it.
- C. Because stress can completely be avoided in your life, you need to find ways to cope with it
- D. As you cannot completely avoid stress in your life, you need to find ways to cope with it

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1	С	11	С	21	В	31	А	41	D
2	А	12	В	22	D	32	С	42	С
3	В	13	D	23	В	33	В	43	В
4	А	14	А	24	В	34	D	44	В
5	А	15	D	25	С	35	В	45	А
6	С	16	Α	26	Α	36	В	46	В
7	D	17	D	27	В	37	D	47	С
8	В	18	В	28	D	38	С	48	А
9	D	19	А	29	Α	39	В	49	С
10	В	20	С	30	В	40	А	50	D